SCREENING SITE INSPECTION REPORT FOR

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. aka THERMOGAS COMPANY ATHENS, ILLINOIS U.S. EPA ID: ILDO42849547

SS ID: NONE TDD: F05-8810-017 PAN: FIL0483SB

JUNE 14, 1990

EPA Region 5 Records Ctr.



ecology and environment, inc.

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INTRODUCTION

Ecology and Environment, Inc., Field Investigation Team (FIT) was tasked by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) to conduct a screening site inspection (SSI) of the Mapco Gas Products, Inc. (Mapco), site under contract number 68-01-7347.

The site was initially discovered by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) in 1977. The site was discovered after IEPA received a complaint from Jim Watkins, a former employee of Mapco, stating that rinse water from agricultural chemical tanker trucks is drained into a quarry pit located adjacent to the site (IEPA 1977).

The site was evaluated in the form of a preliminary assessment (PA) that was submitted to U.S. EPA. The PA was prepared by Kenneth W. Corkill of IEPA. The PA is dated April 28, 1986.

FIT prepared an SSI work plan for the Mapco site under technical directive document (TDD) F05-8612-061, issued on December 17, 1986. The SSI work plan was approved by U.S. EPA on October 14, 1988. The SSI of the Mapco site was conducted on June 13, 1989, under TDD F05-8810-017, issued on October 19, 1988.

The FIT SSI included an interview with a site representative, a reconnaissance inspection of the site, and the collection of six soil samples, one surface water sample, and four residential well samples.

The purposes of an SSI have been stated by U.S. EPA in a directive outlining Pre-Remedial Program strategies. The directive states:

All sites will receive a screening SI to 1) collect additional data beyond the PA to enable a more refined

preliminary HRS [Hazard Ranking System] score, 2) establish priorities among sites most likely to qualify for the NPL [National Priorities List], and 3) identify the most critical data requirements for the listing SI step. A screening SI will not have rigorous data quality objectives (DQOs). Based on the refined preliminary HRS score and other technical judgement factors, the site will then either be designated as NFRAP [no further remedial action planned], or carried forward as an NPL listing candidate. A listing SI will not automatically be done on these sites, however. First, they will go through a management evaluation to determine whether they can be addressed by another authority such as RCRA [Resource Conservation and Recovery Act].... Sites that are designated NFRAP or deferred to other statutes are not candidates for a listing SI.

The listing SI will address all the data requirements of the revised HRS using field screening and NPL level DQOs. It may also provide needed data in a format to support remedial investigation work plan development. Only sites that appear to score high enough for listing and that have not been deferred to another authority will receive a listing SI. (U.S. EPA 1988)

U.S. EPA Region V has also instructed FIT to identify sites during the SSI that may require removal action to remediate an immediate human health or environmental threat.

SITE BACKGROUND

2.1 INTRODUCTION

This section presents information obtained from SSI work plan preparation, the site representative interview, and the reconnaissance inspection of the site.

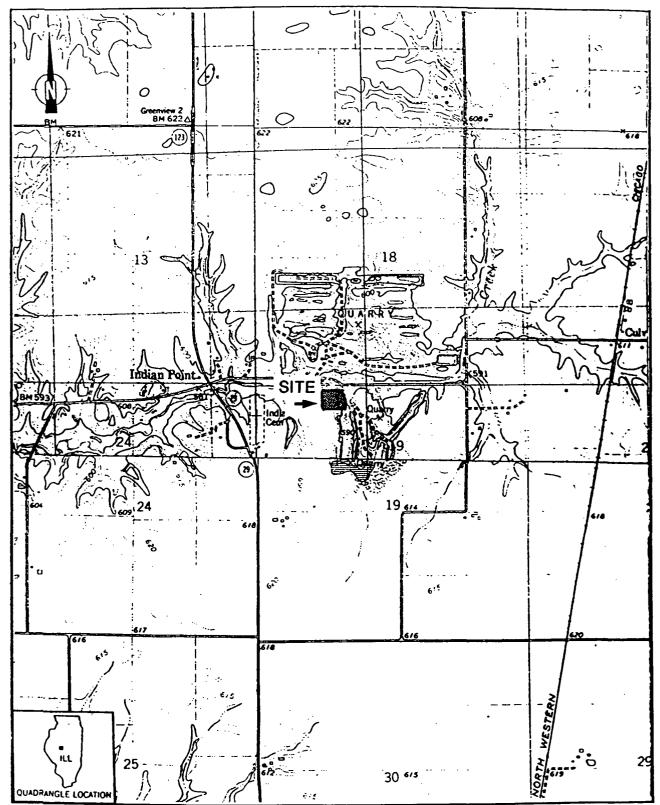
2.2 SITE DESCRIPTION

Mapco is an active agricultural product dealer that sells, mixes, and applies fertilizers, pesticides, and herbicides; the facility also sells propane gas (Ingram 1989). The facility is located on a 5-acre parcel of land in a sparsely populated area approximately 2 1/2 miles north-northwest of the city of Athens, Illinois, in Menard County (NW1/4NW1/4 sec. 19, T.18N., R.5W.), off of Rural Route 2, located approximately 1/2 mile east of Highway 29 on Indian Point Road (see Figure 2-1). A 4-mile radius map of the Mapco site is provided in Appendix A.

2.3 SITE HISTORY

Operations began at the site in 1955 with a company named Indian Point Farm Supply, which was founded by Loren E. Hopwood and Kennedy Kincaid (Ingram 1989). The company was sold to Mapco of Tulsa, Oklahoma, in 1968. Hopwood and Kincaid managed the operation for Mapco until 1984, when they retired.

In 1977, IEPA received a complaint from Watkins stating that Mapco rinsed fertilizer and herbicide trucks on-site, and that the rinse water drained to a quarry lake located east of the Mapco site. Hopwood, Vice



SOURCE: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1990; BASE MAPS: USGS, Greenview, IL Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1980; Athens, IL Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1966, Photorevised 1976.

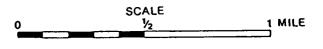


FIGURE 2-1 SITE LOCATION

President of Mapco at the time, denied that rinse waters from the washing of the trucks was being discharged to the quarry (IEPA 1977). During an inspection of the site in 1977, IEPA observed a 4-inch pipe on the western bank of the quarry. The pipe was connected to a drain that drained a small concrete pad where Mapco trucks were loaded; it also appeared that any spillage from filling sprayers with chemicals is collected on the pad and drains to the quarry (IEPA 1977).

On September 9, 1977, Watkins called IEPA and stated that he had worked for Mapco as a spray truck driver in 1976. Watkins stated that he would rinse the tank on his truck with approximately 200 gallons of water prior to filling the tank with new chemicals, and that the rinse water was discharged to the ground around the facility and would flow down a ditch to the quarry.

The discharge to the quarry was sampled by IEPA on August 3, 1977. Ammonia at 0.2 mg/L, alachlor (Lasso) at 0.24 µg/L, and Atrazine at 14.0 µg/L were detected in samples of the effluent (IEPA 1977). After visiting the Mapco site, IEPA found the facility to be in violation of section 12(a) of the state's Environmental Protection Act, which states: "No person shall cause or threaten or allow the discharge of any contaminants into the environment in any state so as to cause or tend to cause water pollution in Illinois;" IEPA also stated that Mapco should have the violation corrected immediately (Forneris 1977).

In 1980, Steven Hahn, of the <u>State Journal Register</u>, contacted Timothy R. Kluge, of IEPA, concerning Mapco. Hahn stated that the facility had been listed in a U.S. EPA report concerning chemical impoundment sites over areas of potentially useful groundwater. Hahn asked when the Mapco site had been last inspected, and Kluge stated that a note in the Mapco file stated that an investigation had been made in spring 1978 and no problems were observed. Hahn informed Kluge that Mapco had dug a small lagoon for storage of water from washing the outside of the herbicide application trucks. Kluge indicated that a permit was required for such construction and because a construction permit violation apparently existed at the Mapco site, IEPA would schedule an investigation as soon as other commitments allowed (IEPA 1980).

On October 22, 1980, IEPA conducted an inspection of the Mapco site. During the inspection, a lagoon was observed at the site. Two polyvinyl chloride (PVC) inlet pipes, each approximately 4 inches in diameter, were observed to terminate in the lagoon. Hopwood indicated that one pipe drained a concrete loading pad and the other was a discharge from a septic tank (IEPA 1980a). When the lagoon became filled, the contents were pumped to a field south of the plant that was also owned by Hopwood.

In a letter to Hopwood, dated April 8, 1981, IEPA stated that Mapco Gas was in violation of the Illinois Pollution Control Board's rules regarding the construction of a wastewater storage lagoon and also for pumping the wastewater to the field without a permit (IEPA 1981). IEPA also stated that the septic tank discharge directly to the lagoon was possibly not in compliance with the Illinois Private Sewage Disposal Licensing Act and Code. IEPA recommended that the violations be corrected as soon as possible (IEPA 1981).

In 1984, IEPA conducted several inspections at the site. On January 12, 1984, IEPA inspected the site and reported that the facility was very neat and well managed (IEPA 1984). Hopwood and Kincaid had retired by this time, but were still financially involved with Mapco.

On April 12, 1984, IEPA issued a permit to Mapco for the on-site lagoon. The unlined lagoon was to be used only for the storing of washwater from agrochemical application vehicles and spillage at the concrete truck loading pad (IEPA 1984a). On April 16, 1984, IEPA conducted an interview with Tom Ostermeier, an employee at Mapco. Ostermeier stated that rainwater from the rear half of the building and septic tank waste were still draining to the lagoon (IEPA 1984b). IEPA also collected a sample from the quarry lake to determine whether any leachate from the pit had migrated to the lake.

During a site visit on June 1, 1984, IEPA observed a large spray truck circling the facility parking lot with the bottom valve on the tank open and a large stream of white liquid flowing from it (IEPA 1984c). Liquid was flowing from the area near the lagoon down the hill and into the lake.

After a site inspection on October 8, 1987, IEPA made the following recommendation to Mapco. (1) In order to be in compliance with the Act [Sections 9, 12(a), and 12(d)], 35 Ill. Adm. Code, Subtitle C: Water Pollution [Section 306.102(b)], regulations, the collection lagoon should be abandoned completely. (2) An alternate sewage disposal system should be provided. (3) A concrete pad and spill collection system should be provided at the chemical mixing and loading areas so that spill material can be contained and recycled or properly disposed. (4) Site security should be provided (IEPA 1987).

Mike Ingram, the current plant manager at Mapco, indicated that to his knowledge IEPA's last inspection of the facility had been in fall 1987. During this inspection, IEPA collected a groundwater sample from the on-site well; results of the sample are not available. There are currently no enforcement actions pending at the Mapco site.

3. SCREENING SITE INSPECTION PROCEDURES AND FIELD OBSERVATIONS

3.1 INTRODUCTION

This section outlines procedures and observations of the SSI of the Mapco site. Individual subsections address the site representative interview, reconnaissance inspection, and sampling procedures. Rationales for specific FIT activities are also provided. The SSI deviated from the U.S. EPA-approved work plan. During the reconnaissance inspection, FIT determined that a surface water sample needed to be collected. In addition, FIT did not collect five residential well samples, as had been proposed in the work plan. Only four residential well samples were collected.

The U.S. EPA Potential Hazardous Waste Site Inspection Report (Form 2070-13) for the Mapco site is provided in Appendix B.

3.2 SITE REPRESENTATIVE INTERVIEW

Ronnie Galmore, FIT team leader, conducted an interview with Mike Ingram, plant manager of the Mapco facility. The interview was conducted on June 12, 1989, at 3:00 p.m. on-site in Ingram's office.

Deborah Barrett and Mike Phillips, both of FIT, were also present during the interview. The interview was conducted to gather information that would aid FIT in conducting SSI activities.

3.3 RECONNAISSANCE INSPECTION

On June 13, 1989, FIT conducted a reconnaissance inspection of the Mapco site and surrounding area in accordance with Ecology and Environment, Inc. (E & E), health and safety guidelines. The reconnaissance

inspection was begun on June 13, 1989, at 9:45 a.m. The reconnaissance inspection included a walk-through of the sité to determine appropriate health and safety requirements for conducting on-site activities and to make observations to aid in characterizing the site. FIT also determined sampling locations during the reconnaissance inspection. Ingram accompanied FIT during the reconnaissance inspection.

Reconnaissance Inspection Observations. The Mapco site is located on a small hill and is bordered by farmland and a small wooded area to the south (see Figure 3-1). Ingram stated that Mapco leases approximately 5 acres of land from Loren E. Hopwood (Ingram 1989). East of the site, and directly adjacent, is a quarry lake. Indian Point Road (a gravel road) and a commercial business, Material Service Corporation, which operates quarry pits, are located to the north of the site. Directly west, and adjacent to the site, are a residence, a commercial operation (PT & E, Inc.), and farmland. Land use surrounding the site is agricultural, commercial, and residential. Photographs of the Mapco site are provided in Appendix C.

East of the entrance road to the site, which is located off of Rural Route 2, and on-site, are two large propane tanks (18,000- and 12,000-gallon capacity) resting on concrete supports within a wire-fenced area. Also within this fenced area are smaller propane refill tanks sitting on a concrete platform. There are four buildings on-site, a main office building and three warehouses (numbered 1 through 3 by FIT), all owned by Mapco. Warehouse number 1 is used for storing chemicals in receptacles and was locked during the SSI.

Warehouse number 2 is used for storing dry chemicals; this warehouse has a concrete floor, and the storage areas are separated by concrete dividers. Warehouse number 3 is where the chemical products are mixed. Warehouse number 2 does not have a door. This warehouse is located approximately 30 feet from the top of a sloped bank that leads to the quarry lake. The floor of the warehouse was wet. Ingram stated that the building had possibly flooded. The rear entrance to warehouse number 2 is elevated approximately 5 feet from the surrounding terrain. The bank slopes approximately 30% down to the quarry lake and has several erosional channels. The channels are located approximately 45 feet

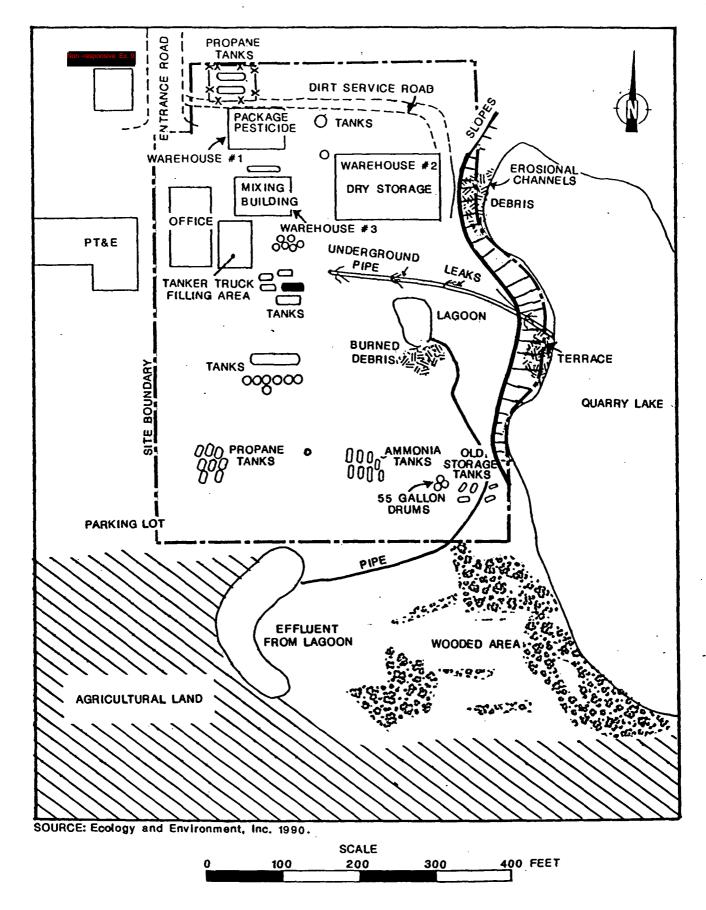


FIGURE 3-1 SITE FEATURES

from the rear entrance to the warehouse. The channels are approximately 3 to 6 inches in depth and drain down the bank and into the quarry lake. Down the slope, FIT observed refuse that consisted of tires, pesticide bags, concrete pieces, a small rusty storage tank, and a storage tank that was partly submerged in the quarry lake.

South of warehouse number 2 is an on-site temporary holding lagoon. The lagoon is used to hold water from the rinse pad, any spillage of chemicals from filling the spray tanker trucks, and waste from an onsite septic tank. The wastewater in the lagoon is left to seep into the ground or is pumped out using a portable pump. The wastewater is pumped to an adjacent farm field owned by Hopwood. The on-site lagoon is unlined and does not have a berm. Ingram stated that the lagoon has overflowed, but did not know the exact date (Ingram 1989). The liquid in the lagoon was dark brown. According to Ingram, the lagoon is to be drained and filled in with soil. The lagoon will be replaced by two 1,600-gallon aboveground temporary holding tanks. One tank will be used for septic tank outflow storage and the other one will be used to store rinse water and any spillage from filling the spray tanker trucks. The temporary holding tanks were to be put in place and ready for use during summer 1989. The water in the temporary holding tank is to be reused in the production of pesticides and herbicides. Mapco will also install berms around the tanks (Ingram 1989). Mapco also plans to build a new rinse pad for rinsing its spray tanker trucks. Mapco has a permit from IEPA (1988-EA-1157) for the preceding improvements.

Approximately 10 feet to the north of the on-site lagoon, FIT observed water seeping out of the ground. Ingram indicated that a water pipeline drawing from the quarry lake had several leaks, and that the water seeping out of the ground was from the broken pipes. The water and the underlying ground were an algae-green color. FIT also observed a leachate stream emanating from the lagoon and flowing to the quarry lake from the pipeline. The leachate stream was flowing east to a terrace that slopes 35% to the east, into the quarry lake.

FIT observed refuse located on the terrace, including fence wire, bricks, tire rims, paint cans, storage tanks, drums, pesticide containers, automobile parts, and refrigerators. Most of the refuse was made of iron or steel and was rusting.

Approximately 7 feet south of the on-site lagoon was another refuse pile. The pile of refuse appeared to have been burned. Based on the presence of ash at the bottom of the pile and an odor of burnt refuse, FIT believes that the refuse pile had been burned. The ashes of the pile were gray. In addition, a red, powdery substance and green, flake-like substance were also observed at the bottom of the pile. The refuse observed in the pile included wood, washing machines, paint cans, drums, automobile batteries, a pressure tank, automobile parts, a refrigerator, and several water heaters. Ingram stated that to his knowledge the site has never been used as a dump.

In the southeast corner of the site, FIT observed several large, old, dented, and rusting storage tanks. One of the storage tanks had been burned. According to Ingram, the old rusting storage tanks will be crushed and buried on-site. Mapco does not have a permit for this disposal, and is not aware that one is needed. Next to one of the old storage tanks were several 55-gallon drums. The following labels were observed by FIT on some of the drums: Dow (serve 24) Nitrogen Stabilizer, and Flammable Liquid. FIT observed a 5-gallon can in one of the drums; the drum also had liquid in it.

West of these old storage tanks, and located along the southern boundary of the site, FIT observed approximately 50 small anhydrous ammonia tanks, farm equipment, and small propane tanks.

Located north of the small ammonia and propane tanks are the storage and mixing tanks that are currently used in facility operations. Most of the tanks are rusting and FIT observed that one of the tanks had a large dent in the side of it. FIT observed a Mapco employee open a valve on one of the storage/mixing tanks and let the liquid flow onto the ground until the flow stopped. The area around some of the active storage and mixing tanks was wet, and in some places liquid of an algae-green color with an ammonia-like odor was present. FIT observed that topsoil in areas surrounding some of the dry areas around the storage and mixing tanks was an orange and yellowish color.

The area in which the site is located is mostly flat and is covered with gravel in some areas; exposed soil is present on the remainder of the site. The eastern boundary of the site slopes east toward the quarry lake. The northern boundary of the site slopes toward a gravel

road (Indian Point Road). The site is unfenced and access is not restricted. Mapco employs six persons at the site (Ingram 1989). During the reconnaissance inspection, FIT was unable to locate the pipe to the quarry lake, observed by IEPA, that drains the concrete pad where the spray tanker trucks are loaded.

3.4 SAMPLING PROCEDURES

Samples were collected by FIT at locations selected during the reconnaissance inspection to determine levels of U.S. EPA Target Compound List (TCL) compounds and U.S. EPA Target Analyte List (TAL) analytes present at the site. The TCL and TAL, with corresponding quantitation/detection limits, are provided in Appendix D.

On June 13, 1989, FIT collected six surface soil samples, including one potential background soil sample, one quarry lake water sample, and four residential well samples. A portion of each soil sample, except the potential background soil sample, and a portion of the surface water sample were taken by Ingram.

Soil Sampling Procedures. Soil samples (indicated as S1 through S5) were collected from various locations throughout the site. Surface soil sample S1 was collected from along the southern boundary of the site near the field where the contents of the on-site lagoon are sprayed (see Figure 3-2). This location was chosen because vegetation was not growing in this sampling spot whereas only 1 to 2 feet from this spot, vegetation was growing, and because the lagoon effluent appeared to be draining to this location.

Surface soil sample S2 was collected from along the southern edge of the on-site lagoon. The location of surface soil sample S2 was chosen because the topsoil was a grayish brown color in some areas and a dull orange or a rusty brownish color in other areas. Surface soil sample S3 was collected from a runoff channel located approximately 40 feet east of the rear entrance to warehouse number two. Surface soil sample S3 was collected at this location because any runoff from the site or the warehouse could have migrated off-site via the erosional channels.

Surface soil sample S4 was collected from the southeastern section of the site, from an area where the old, unused storage tanks were ob-

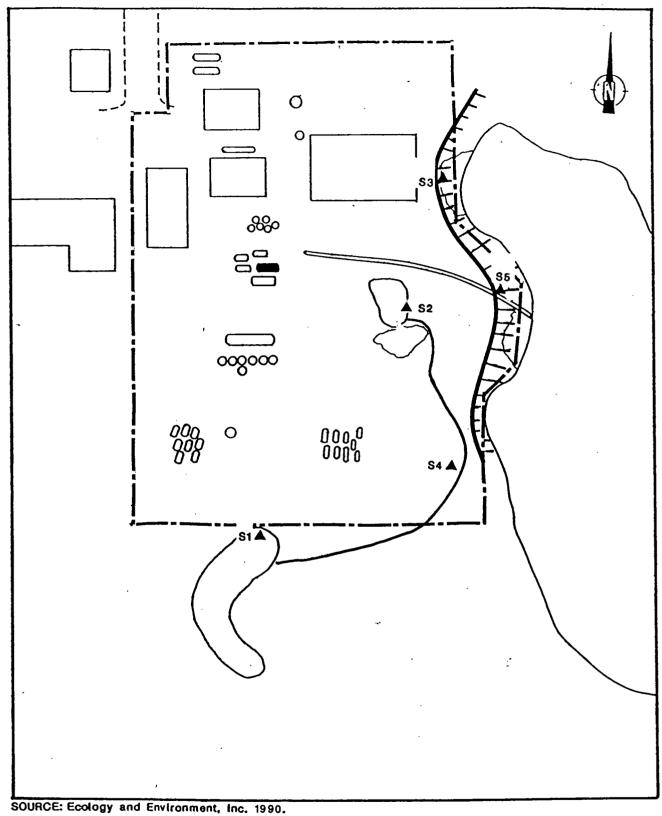




FIGURE 3-2 ON-SITE SOIL SAMPLING LOCATIONS

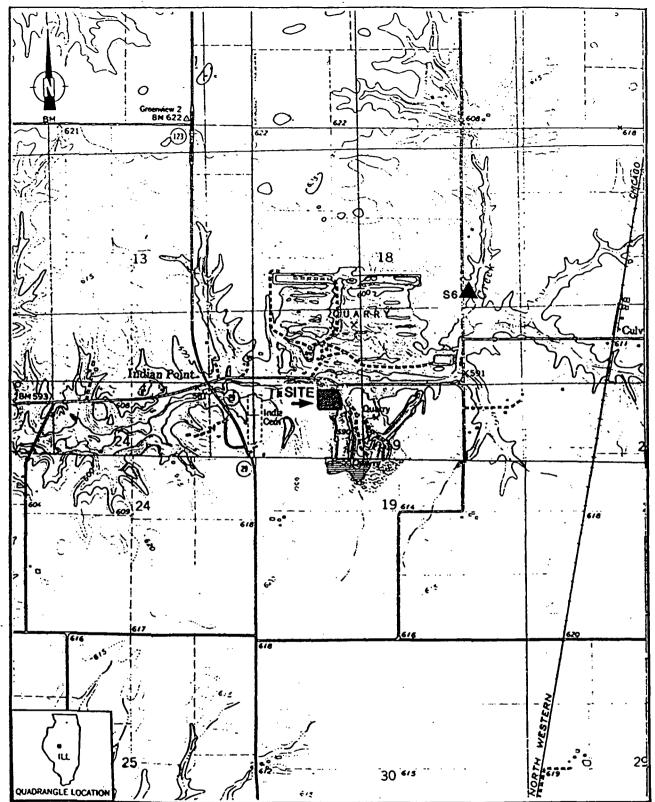
served. This location was chosen because the topsoil was a brownish gray color and the topsoil around the unused storage tanks was wet with an algae-green colored liquid. Surface soil sample S5 was collected approximately 45 feet east of the on-site lagoon from the bank that leads to the quarry lake. Sample S5 was collected at this location because leachate from the lagoon flows down this slope, and because refuse was located near the sampling point.

A potential background surface soil sample (S6) was collected on the eastern side of an asphalt road located approximately 3/4 miles northeast of the site (see Figure 3-3). The potential background soil sample was collected to determine the characteristic contents of the soil in the area surrounding the site. The location was chosen because the ground surface appeared to be in an undisturbed state.

Standard E & E decontamination procedures were adhered to during the collection all soil samples. The procedures included the scrubbing of all equipment with a solution of detergent (Alconox) and distilled water, and triple-rinsing the equipment (e.g., trowels, bowls, and spoons) with distilled water before the soil samples were collected. All soil samples were collected from a depth of 6 inches using a metal garden hand trowel. The samples were then transferred to a stainless steel bowl using the garden trowel. Samples were mixed in the bowl and then placed in sample bottles using a spoon (E & E 1987). (Samples to be analyzed for volatile organic compounds were placed directly into sample bottles.) All soil samples were packaged and shipped in accordance with U.S. EPA-required procedures.

As directed by U.S. EPA, all soil samples were analyzed using the U.S. EPA Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) for TCL compounds by Cenref Laboratories of Brighton, Colorado, and for TAL analytes by Enseco/Rocky Mountain Analytical of Arvada, Colorado.

Surface Water Sampling Procedures. Surface water sample SW1 was collected off-site from the adjacent quarry lake to determine whether TCL compounds or TAL analytes had migrated from the site to the quarry lake (see Figure 3-4). FIT also collected a duplicate surface water sample at this location in accordance with U.S. EPA quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures. Sample SW1 was collected from the northwestern portion of the quarry lake. The sampling location for the



SOURCE: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1990; BASE MAPS: USGS, Greenview, IL Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1980; Athens, IL Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1966, Photorevised 1976.

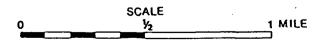


FIGURE 3-3 OFF-SITE SOIL SAMPLING LOCATION

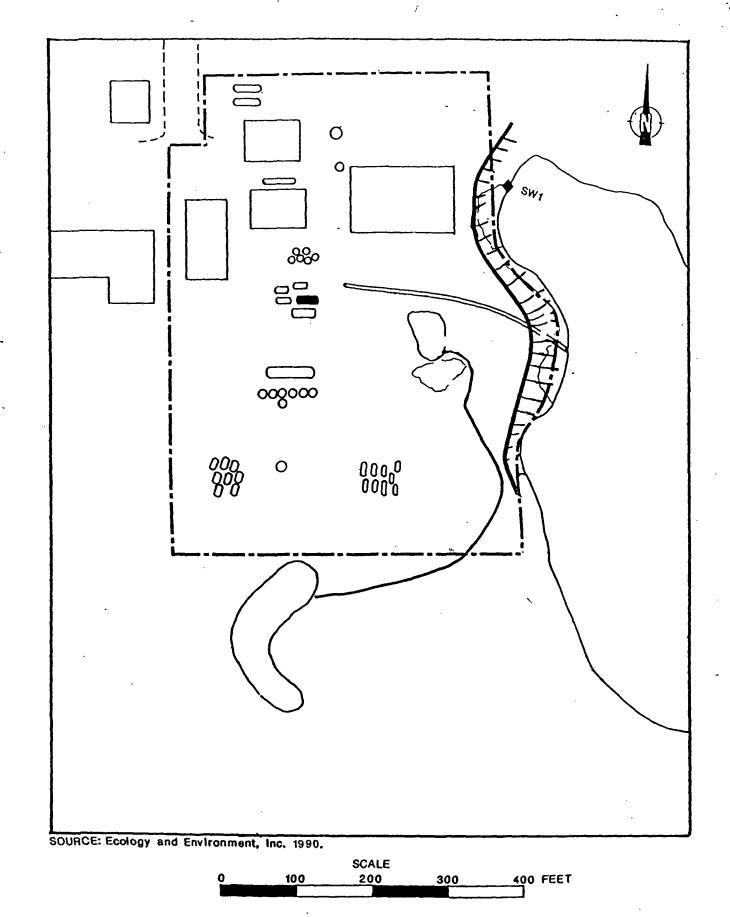


FIGURE 3-4 SURFACE WATER SAMPLING LOCATION

surface water sample was approximately 25 feet from the top of the incline located at the rear of warehouse number two. A FIT team member, collected sample SV1 and the duplicate by submerging a stainless steel ladle in the water and pouring the contents into sample bottles. The quarry lake water sample collected by FIT was an algae-green color.

Standard E & E procedures were adhered to during the collection of the surface water samples. The procedures included scrubbing the ladle with a solution of Alconox and distilled water, and triple-rinsing the ladle prior to the collection of each sample (E & E 1987). All surface water samples were packaged and shipped in accordance with U.S. EPA-required procedures. A blank surface water sample was also prepared, using distilled water, in accordance with U.S. EPA protocols.

As directed by U.S. EPA, the surface water samples were analyzed using the U.S. EPA CLP for TCL compounds by Cenref Laboratories of Brighton, Colorado, and for TAL analytes by Enseco/Rocky Mountain Analytical of Arvada, Colorado.

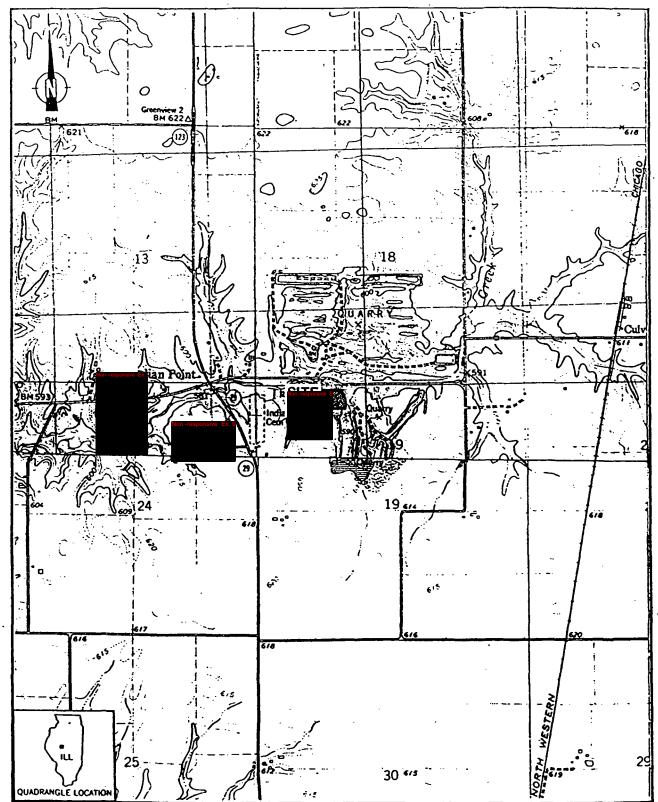
Residential Well Sampling Procedures. Four residential well samples (indicated as RW1, RW2, RW3, and RW4) and a duplicate were collected to determine whether TCL compounds or TAL analytes had migrated from the site to groundwater.

The residential well sampling locations were chosen because of their proximity to the site. In addition, the wells sampled were wells that FIT had been granted permission to sample.

Sample RW1 was collected at a residence located Non-responsive Ex. 9

. Sample RW2 was collected from the PT & E facility, adjacent to the site. This groundwater well supplies drinking water to PT & E, Mapco, and the adjacent residence;
PT & E owns the well. Residential well samples RW3 and RW4 were collected at residences Non-responsive Ex.9 the Mapco site.

A duplicate residential well sample was collected in accordance with U.S. EPA QA/QC requirements. The duplicate sample was collected at location RW2. A blank residential well sample, using distilled water, was also prepared, in accordance with U.S. EPA protocols.



SOURCE: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1990; BASE MAPS: USGS, Greenview, IL Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1980; Athens, IL Quadrangle, 7.5 Minute Series, 1966, Photorevised 1976.



FIGURE 3-5 RESIDENTIAL WELL SAMPLING LOCATIONS

TABLE 3-1

ADDRESSES OF RESIDENTIAL WELL SAMPLING LOCATIONS

Sample	Address
RW1	Non-responsive Ex. 9
	(See log 5, Appendix E)
RW2 and Duplicate	Non-responsive Ex. 9
RW3	Non-responsive Ex. 9
RW4	Non-responsive Ex. 9
•	(See log 4, Appendix E)

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1990; Illinois Department of Public Health, Well Construction Reports.

All residential wells samples were obtained from outlets that bypassed water treatment systems and storage tanks. The water was allowed to discharge from the outlets for approximately 15 minutes before samples were collected to ensure that sample sources had been purged of standing water. All residential well samples were packaged and shipped in accordance with U.S. EPA-required procedures.

As directed by U.S. EPA, residential well samples were analyzed for TCL compounds using the U.S. EPA CLP by Hazelton Laboratories, Inc., of Madison, Wisconsin, and by U.S. EPA Central Regional Laboratory (CRL) of Chicago, Illinois, and for TAL analytes by JTC Environmental Consultants of Rockville, Maryland.

4. ANALYTICAL RESULTS

4.1 INTRODUCTION

This section presents results of the chemical analysis of FIT-collected soil samples, surface water samples, and residential well samples for TCL compounds and TAL analytes.

4.2 RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF FIT-COLLECTED SAMPLES

<u>Soil Samples</u>. Chemical analysis of FIT-collected soil samples revealed substances from the following groups of TCL compounds and TAL analytes: phenols, phthalates, halogenated aromatics, aromatics, polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), heavy metals, metals, pesticides, common laboratory artifacts, and common soil constituents; cyanide was also detected (see Table 4-1 for complete chemical analysis results of FIT-collected soil samples).

<u>Surface Water Samples</u>. Chemical analysis of FIT-collected surface water samples revealed substances from the following groups of TAL analytes: heavy metals and common soil constituents (see Table 4-2 for complete chemical analysis results of FIT-collected surface water samples).

Residential Well Samples. Chemical analysis of FIT-collected residential well samples revealed substances from the following groups of TCL compounds and TAL analytes: phthalates, metals, heavy metals, and common soil constituents (see Table 4-3 for complete chemical analysis results of FIT-collected residential well samples).

U.S. EPA quantitation/detection limits used in the analysis of soil, surface water, and residential well samples are provided in Appendix D.

Table 4-1
RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF
FIT-COLLECTED SOIL SAMPLES

Sample Collection Information						
and Parameters	s1	S2	s 3	S4	\$5	se
Date	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89
Time	1220	1245	1300	1345	1355	1435
CLP Organic Traffic Report Number	EPP00	EFP01	EFP02	EFP03	EFP04	EFP0
CLP Inorganic Traffic Report Number	MED56	MEED57	MEED58	MEED59	MEED60	MEED61
Compound Detected						
(values in $\mu g/kg$)						
Volatile Organics						
toluene	9		31J	20ј		373
chlorobenzene		640				
ethylbenzene	<i>t</i> —	48		125		
Semivolatile Organics						
phenol		_	280J			
naphthalene		100J				
2-methylnaphthalene		290J				
phenanthrene		230J		925	 ,	
pyrene			130J			
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate		210Ј	420J	230Ј	490J	
Pesticides/PCBs						
Aldrin			1,100JC		120 -	
Dieldrin	290	79	8,800C	33J	240	
4.4'-DDT	40J	64	1,300J	60	51	

Table 4-1 (Cont.)

Sample Collection Information			Sample N	umber		
and Parameters	S1	S2	s3	S4	s5	, s
Analyte Detected						
(values in mg/kg)						
aluminum	15,200	13,900	22,400	25,900	16,500	13,400
antimony	· _	·	·	8.1JBN	·	·
arsenic	5.9	1.9JW	12.1	3.9JW	6.15	8.8
parium	152	82.4	717	126	129	121
peryllium	0.79B	1.8	1.7	2.5	3.4	0.69B
cadmium	1.4	7.1	7.5	3	13.2	_
calcium	13,000	81,800	40,900	22,300	154,000	5,840
hromium	27	65.6	64.6	266	159	16.6
obalt	12.28	11.3B	12.8B	5.7B	7.18	9.1
copper	36.1	19.8	260	19.9	20.7	22.7
ron	21,500	43,200	78,400	63,800	23,300	21,800
Lead	18.7JN	12.3JN	1,250	17.2JsN	18.2Ј	40.4
nagnesium	2,580	6,030	3,960	9,030	8,420	2,650
anganese	750	903	795	251	651	692
nercury			1.1			
nickel	17.7	28.2	41.9	6.5B	25.5	20.9
ootassium	3,970	24,600	8,900	98,900	10,800	1,770
:elenium	-		2 s			
odium		757B	844			
:hallium				1.4B		
anadium	40.8	119	47.7	246	119	32.4
inc	86.9	407	1,220	91	330	120
cyanide			0.76			

⁻⁻ Not Detected.

Table 4-1 (Cont.)

COMPOUND QUALIFIERS	DEFINITION	INTERPRETATION
J	Indicates an estimated value.	Compound value may be semiquantitative.
c	This flag applies to pesticide results where the identification has been confirmed by GC/MS. Single component pesticides ≥ 10 ng/ μ L in the final extract shall be confirmed by GC/MS.	Compound was confirmed by GC/MS and is quantitative. Use pesticide/PCB listed value.
ANALYTE QUALIFIERS	DEFINITION	INTERPRETATION
s	Analysis by Method of Standard Additions.	Value is quantitative.
N .	Spike recoveries outside QC protocols, which indicates a possible matrix problem. Data may be biased high or low. See spike results and laboratory narrative.	Value may be quantitative or semi- quantitative.
, B	Value is real, but is above instrument DL and below CRDL.	Value may be quantitative or semi- quantitative.
J	Value is above CRDL and is an estimated value because of a QC protocol.	Value may be semiquantitative.
₩	Post-digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is out of control limits (35-115%), while sample absorbance is <50% of spike absorbance.	Value may be semiquantitative.

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1990.

Table 4-2
RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF
FIT-COLLECTED SURFACE WATER SAMPLES

Sample Collection Information		Sample Number	
and Parameters	sw1	Duplicate	Blank
Date	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89
Time	1130	1130	1055
CLP Organic Traffic Report Number	EPP11	EFP12	EFP13
CLP Inorganic Traffic Report Number	MEED67	MEED68	MEED69
Temperature (°C)	19	19	11
Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	1,000	1,000	1
рн	9.50	9.50	7.33
Analyte Detected			
(values in µg/L)			
aluminum	57.1B	67.7	
arsenic	9.7JBW	9.4JBW	
barium	5.5B	5.4B	
calcium	39,500	39,000	
copper	13.9JB	12.1JB	9.3JB
iron	91.6B	79.8B	
magnesium	42,000	41,600	
potassium	180,000	178,000	
sodium	8,920	9,270	
vanadium	5.8B	5.2	
zinc	12.8JB	6.9JB	8.9JB
cyanide	13.6	 ,	

⁻⁻ Not detected.

ANALYTE QUALIFIERS	DEFINITION	INTERPRETATION
B	Value is real, but is above instrument DL and below CRDL.	Value may be quantitative or semi- quantitative.
J	Value is above CRDL and is an estimated value because of a QC protocol.	Value may be semiquantitative.
w	Post-digestion spike for furnace AA analysis is out of control limits (35-115%), while sample absorbance is (50% of spike absorbance.	Value may be semiquantitative.

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1990.

Table 4-3
RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF
FIT-COLLECTED RESIDENTIAL WELL SAMPLES

Sample Collection Information		Sample Number						
and Parameters	RW1	RW2	Duplicate	RW3	RW4	Blan		
Well Depth (Feet)	56	Not Known	NA	Not Known	41	NA		
Date	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89	6/13/89		
Time	1100	1415	1145	1200	1415	1135		
CLP Organic Traffic Report Number	EFP06	EFP07	EFP08	EFP09	EFP10	EFP14		
CLP Inorganic Traffic Report Number	MEED62	MEED63	MEED64	MEED65	MEED66	MEED70		
Temperature (°C)	11	10	11	6	10	13		
Specific Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	500	900	400	500	900	0		
рн	7.18	7.24	7.76	7.30	7.24	6.26		
Compound Detected								
(values in µg/L)								
Semivolatile Organics								
diethylphthalate					0.4J			
Analyte Detected								
(values in µg/L)								
aluminum		104J			 '	88JB		
antimony		7.8JN	_	 .	 '			
barium	44.9B	83.5	83.8	64.2	26.6B			
calcium	97,600	148,000	138,000	101,000	52,400			
copper					15.1J*			
lead	1.4ЈВ	0.67JB			1.7JB	0.70JB		
magnesium	47,000	78,700	72,600	53,200	27,000			
manganese	7.8B		6.0B	6.2B				
nickel	67.3J	55.1J	68J	83.7J	60.73	25.6		
potassium	594B	746B	670B	632B	518B			
selenium		2.25*	3.35*	3.5J*	4.5J*	3.3*		
silver	4.8JNB		25.4JN					
sodium	11,400	13,600	12,600	9,710	4,720			
zinc	55.6J*				2223*			

NA Not applicable.

⁻⁻ Not detected.

Table 4-3 (Cont.)

COMPOUND QUALIFIER	DEFINITION	INTERPRETATION
J	Indicates an estimated value.	Compound value may be semiquantitative.
ANALYTE QUALIFIERS	DEFINITION	INTERPRETATION
N	Spike recoveries outside QC protocols, which indicates a possible matrix problem. Data may be biased high or low. See spike results and laboratory narrative.	Value may be quantitative or semi- quantitative.
*	Duplicate value outside QC protocols which indicates a possible matrix problem.	Value may be quantitative or semiquantitative.
В .	Value is real, but is above instrument DL and below CRDL.	Value may be quantitative or semi- quantitative.
J	Value is above CRDL and is an estimated value because of a QC protocol.	Value may be semiquantitative.

Source: Ecology and Environment, Inc. 1990.

5. DISCUSSION OF MIGRATION PATHWAYS

5.1 INTRODUCTION

This section presents discussions of data and information pertaining to potential migration pathways and targets of TCL compounds and TAL analytes that are possibly attributable to the Mapco site.

The five migration pathways of concern discussed are groundwater, surface water, air, fire and explosion, and direct contact.

5.2 GROUNDWATER

TAL analytes were detected in groundwater on-site and approximately 3/4 miles from the site. The TAL analytes detected in the groundwater were also detected in on-site soil samples; however, these TAL analytes are considered to be common groundwater constituents. The TAL analytes detected in the residential well samples were metals, heavy metals, and common groundwater constituents.

A potential exists for TCL compounds and TAL analytes from the site to migrate to groundwater in the area. This potential is based on the following information.

- TCL compounds (McBeath 1987) and TAL analytes (Martin 1975) associated with agricultural product waste were detected in on-site soil samples.
- The compounds and analytes detected in on-site soil samples either were not detected in the background sample or were detected in on-site samples at higher concentrations than

in the background sample. Therefore, these TCL compounds and TAL analytes are attributable to the Mapco site.

- The on-site lagoon is unlined (Ingram 1989).
- Waste in the lagoon is sometimes allowed to seep into the ground (Ingram 1989).
- Mixing water (water and product chemicals) from the storage/mixing tanks was observed by FIT to be leaking onto the ground.
- The site does not have a leachate collection system.

The site and surrounding area are underlain by ground moraine and lenses of sand and gravel outwash from the Illinoian glaciation (Piskin and Bergstrom 1975). The depth to the Pennsylvanian-age bedrock is 15 to 60 feet. The bedrock is the Modesto Formation (Student et al. 1981). This formation has many vertical changes in rock types, with distinguishable layers of sandstone, shale, coal, underclay, and limestones; these rocks have relatively low permeabilities and porosities (Student et al. 1981). According to well logs of the area of the site reviewed by FIT, no wells obtained water from the bedrock. The uppermost layer of bedrock is limestone and is out—cropped at the quarry adjacent to the site.

The aquifer of concern (AOC) is the glacial drift. The drift is composed of mixed, discontinuous layers of sand, gravel, clay, and sandy clay (Piskin and Bergstrom 1975). Water is obtained from the sand, gravel, and sandy clay layers. The layers are probably interconnected and, according to area well logs, the depth to groundwater probably varies between 14 and 48 feet. The direction of groundwater flow is unknown, but based on surface drainage and regional geology, it is assumed to be east to west.

The only public water supply in the area is in Athens, Illinois, located approximately 2 miles south of the site. This system provides drinking water to persons within the city limits of Athens and in ad-

jacent subdivisions. The two city wells are located 2 miles west of Athens, beyond a 3-mile radius of the Mapco site (Hoffman 1988).

Using a house count (137) from United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographic maps of the area of the site (USGS 1966, 1966a, 1970, 1971) multiplied by a persons-per-household value of 2.74 (U.S. Bureau of the Census 1982), a population of approximately 380 persons was calculated to reside with a 3-mile radius of the site outside the corporate limits of the city of Athens, Illinois.

5.3 SURFACE WATER

Cyanide was detected in the surface water sample collected by FIT.

Other TAL analytes detected in the surface water sample were common soil constituents. The cyanide detected in the surface water sample is possibly attributable to the Mapco site, based on the following information.

- Cyanide was detected in nine on-site soil samples.
- The site extends to the edge of the bank that leads to the quarry lake.
- Runoff channels that lead to the quarry lake are located behind warehouse number 2.

In addition, a potential exists for contaminants to migrate off-site via surface water, based on the following information.

- TAL analytes have been detected in the surface water sample.
- The steep slopes of the site are possible routes for surface water runoff.
- There are no surface water diversion structures present at the site.

• FIT observed leachate from the on-site lagoon flowing down one of the on-site slopes that leads to the quarry lake.

According to USGS topographic maps of the area of the site (USGS 1966, 1966a, 1970, 1971), there are no existing surface water routes between the Mapco site and any other body of surface water, other than the adjacent quarry lake, within a 3-mile radius of the site. According to Ingram, the adjacent quarry lake has possibly been used for fishing.

5.4 AIR

A release of potential contaminants to the air was not documented during the SSI of the Mapco site. During the reconnaissance inspection, FIT site-entry instruments (flame ionization detector [OVA 128], explosimeter, oxygen meter, hydrogen cyanide detector, and radiation monitor) did not detect levels above background concentrations at the site. In accordance with the U.S. EPA-approved work plan, further air monitoring was not conducted by FIT.

A potential exists for windblown particulates to carry TCL compounds and TAL analytes from the site. The potential is based on the following information.

- The area of the site consists of sandy, exposed soil.
- TCL compounds and TAL analytes were detected in on-site surface soil samples.
- FIT observed a pile of burned refuse located on-site.

The potential targets of air contamination include approximately 2,239 persons living within a 4-mile radius of the Mapco site. This population was calculated in the same manner described in 5.2.

5.5 FIRE AND EXPLOSION

During the FIT reconnaissance inspection, no evidence of fire or explosive conditions was observed. FIT explosimeter readings indicated

that no apparent potential for explosion existed at the site at the time of the SSI. However, evidence of the burning of waste at the site was observed by FIT.

5.6 DIRECT CONTACT

According to federal, state, and local file information reviewed by FIT, there is no documentation of an incident of direct contact with TCL compounds or TAL analytes at the Mapco site. However, according to Ingram, in 1985, a worker accidentally spilled anhydrous ammonia on himself.

A potential does exist for the public and workers at the site to come in direct contact with TCL compounds and TAL analytes detected at the site. The potential for direct contact is based on the following information.

- The site is unfenced and accessible.
- TCL compounds and TAL analytes have been detected in onsite soils.
- Waste in the on-site lagoon is pumped to an adjacent farm field.
- Some of the compounds used in making Mapco's fertilizer and pesticides are located in a storage building that does not have doors.
- Another commercial operation is located adjacent to the site.

Direct contact may occur through casual use of the unfenced site. The potential target population for direct contact with a 1-mile radius of the site is approximately 52 persons. This estimate was obtained by a house count (19) from USGS topographic maps (USGS 1966, 1966a, 1970, 1971) of the area of the site multiplied by a persons-per-household value of 2.74 (U.S. Bureau of the Census 1982).

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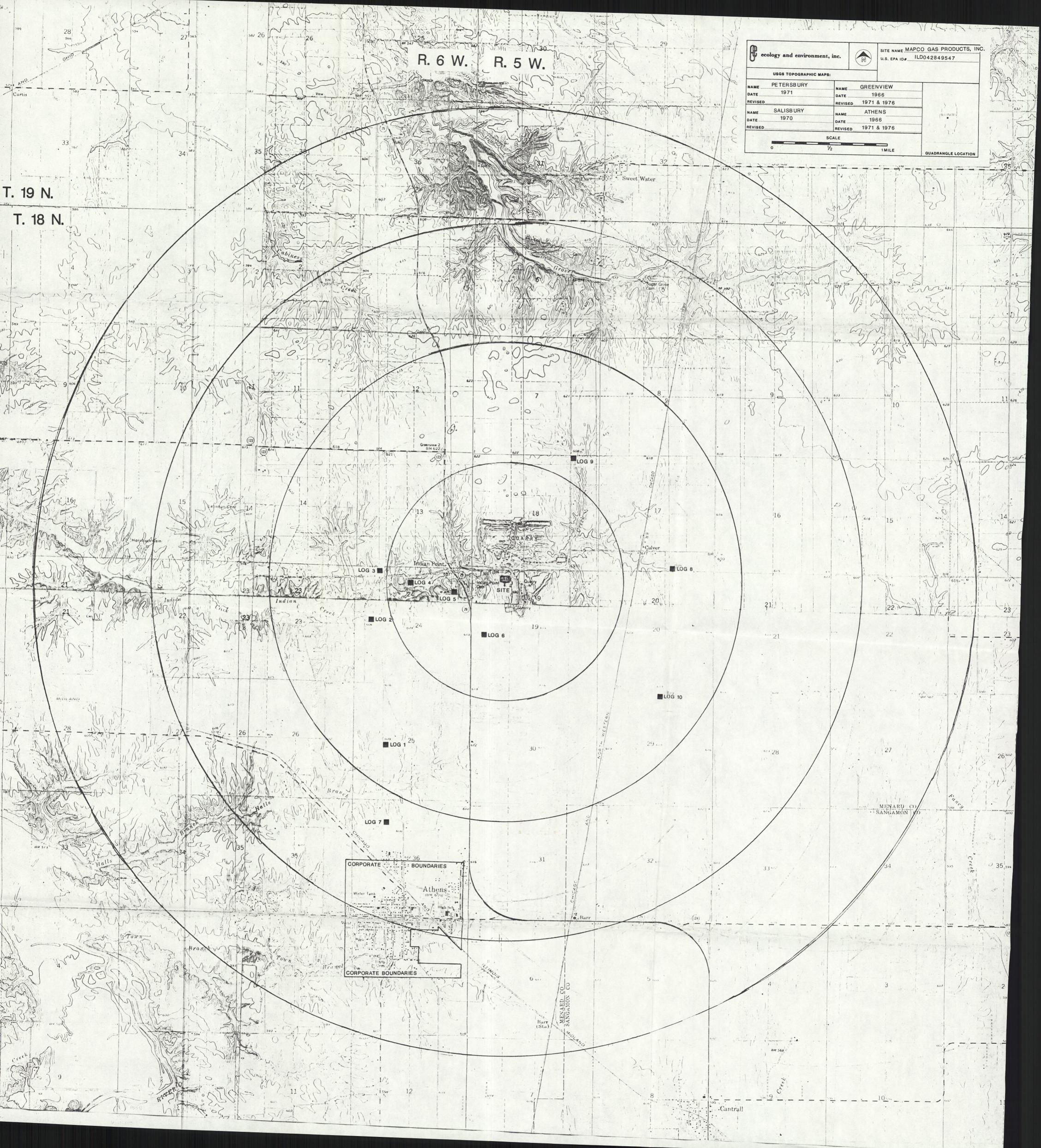
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APPENDIX A

SITE 4-MILE RADIUS MAP



APPENDIX B

U.S. EPA FORM 2070-13

\$EPA

EPAFORM 2070-13 (7-81)

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 1-SITE LOCATION AND INSPECTION INFORMATION

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SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 2 - WASTE INFORMATION

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POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT

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contaminate groundwater surrounding	the site, which is used for arm	King Water.	
OI D H. WORKER EXPOSURE/NURY	AS IT ARREDUEN MATE:		
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There is a patential for worker	exposure / injury because soil	samples taken	
onsite show contamination with -	TCL compounds and THL analy	æs.	
In 1985, a worker accidently spill	ed some anhydrous ammonia	onto himself.	:
01 BL POPULATION EXPOSURE/NURY 03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: 2239	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:) 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	POTENTIAL D'ALLEGE	D
See sections 'A, B, C,	D, E, and H, above		ļ

\$EPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 3 - DESCRIPTION OF HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS

L EDENTIFICATION
DI STATE OF SITE MARSER
TL DD42849547

IL HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS ROSSING			·
OI # J DUMAGE TO FLORA OH MURRATIME DESCRIPTION Damage to Flora	could potentially occur through	contact with	Contam -
inated soil, potentially contaminated	gir and water resources.	N.	
01 B K DAMAGE TO FAUNA 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (securi amount of services)	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:1	B POTENTIAL	D ATTECED
Sea J. above			
01 DL CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN	02 D OBSERVED (DATE	POTENTIAL	'D ALLEGED
04 NATRATIVE DESCRIPTION Waste from the	on-site holding lagoon is pumpe	ed to an adia	mat.
nature tiesar conforminants could bo	tentially affect the food crop t	through windblo	MAN.
contaminated soil. See J. above.		J	
O1 M. UNISTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES	02 () OBSERVED (DATE:)	POTENTIAL	O ALLEGED
03 POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION		
See Section 3.3 of	SSI		
01 M. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 OBSERVED (DATE:)	■ POTENTIAL	D ALLEGED
See I and L abo	Ne.		
01 D O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS, STORM DRAINS, WW 04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	TPs 02 D OBSERVED (DATE:)	O POTENTIAL	C) ALLEGED
AIN			
01 D.P. BLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING ,04 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION	02 D OBSERVED (DATE:)	D POTENTIAL	D ALLEGED
. See Sections 2.3 o	and 3.3 of SSI.		
05 DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL, OR A	ULEGED HAZAROS		
See Section 3,3 of SSI			
ML TOTAL POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:	2239		
IV. COMMENTS			
The Bite is an active agricultural properticides and herbicides. The factorial states are the factorial properties and herbicides.		and applies fe	ertilizers,
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION CON MARCHE INTERPREDE & g. CAMP.	Three complet analysis, reporting		
State and FIT Files, Region	又		
SSI conducted on 6-13-89			

⊕EPA	POTENTIA PART 4 - PERMIT	•	L IDENTIFICATION OI STATE OF SITE NUMBER IL DOYA849547			
IL PERMIT INFORMATION						
O1 TYPE OF PERMITISSUED	Q2 PERMIT NUMBER	OJ OATE C	SSUED	04 EXPERATION DATE	05 COMMENT	\$
CA NPDES		1		Į.		
De vic		1			1	
DC AR		1	-		1	
DO. RCRA					1	
DE ACRA INTERIM STATUS		1				
DF. SPCC PLAN		1			1	
■G STATE Goods	1984-EA-0277	4-12-	84	4-1-85		
DH. LOCAL ISSUER						
DL OTHER BOWN						
DJ. NONE						
ELL SITE DESCRIPTION						
O1 STORAGE/DISPOSAL (Over) of the world	O THU CO THUCHA SO	F MEASURE	04 TI	SEATMENT (Chaps of the	andri	OS OTHER
D A SURFACE IMPOUNDMENT .			DA	INCENERATION		
O D. PLES			0 8.	UNDERGROUND IN	JECTION	B A BUILDINGS ON SITE
C. DRUMS, ABOVE GROUND			DC.	CHEMICALIPHYSIC	AL.	1 4
D D TANK, ABOVE GROUND				BIOLOGICAL		
D E. TANK, BELOW GROUND				WASTE OIL PROCES		OG APEA OF SITE
D G LANDFARM				SOLVENT RECOVER OTHER RECYCLING		~ 5
DI H. OPEN DUMP -				OTHER	ricovoni	
BLOTHER Lag DON	MUKTOWN			~	ecely)	
07 COLONERTS				None		
Sec Section 2.3	of SSI.	•				
IV. CONTAINMENT 01 CONTAINMENT OF WASTES (Charles)						

The on-site lagoon is unlined. The waste in the lagoon is permitted to seep into the ground. Some of the areas around the storage tanks are wet and discolored. See Section 3.3 of SSI.

V. ACCESSIBILITY

OI WASTE EASLY ACCESSIBLE: YES ONO

Excounters The entire site is unfenced.

VL SOURCES OF INFORMATION ICH week references, e.g. seen that surply project reports

SSI conducted on 6-13-89 State and FITFile information.

Region I

	IFICATION
DI STATE	OZ BITE MAMBER
IL	D042849547

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 5 - WATER DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA IL DRINKING WATER SUPPLY OI TYPE OF DROKING SUPPLY OZ STATUS OS DISTANCE TO BITE ENDANGERED SURFACE AFFECTED MONITORED A O 8. Q C. 🗨 COMMUNITY A D 8. 8 a adjacent m 0.0 E.O NON-COLARUNITY C. O n m **FIL GROUNDWATER** DI GAQUACHIATER USE IN VICINITY (Cred and A ONLY SOURCE FOR DRINKING C)B DRIVING C COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL PRIGATION D 0 NOTUSED, UNUSEABLE COLOMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL IRRIGATION OS DISTANCE TO NEAREST DRINGING WATER WELL ON-Site 02 POPULATION SERVED BY GROUND WATER OS DIRECTION OF GROUNDWATER FLOW OF DEPTH TO ADUFER OF CONCERN OF ADUFER OB SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER 04 DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER " YES ONO ~ 14 - 48 m East to West MUKLOMU (000) unkinow menomenous Everyone within the three mile radius of the site is on groundwater. Water is obtained from the Eard, gravel and sandy clay layers. The city of Alhens groundwater wells are located out side of the three mile radius of the site. 10 RECHARGE AREA 11 DISCHARGE AREA Recharged directly by seepage COMMENTS DIYES COLLENTS O NO MAKNOWA through precipitation IV. SURFACE WATER OI SUNFACE WATER USE (Check and D 8. IRRIGATION, ECONOMICALLY BAPORTANT RESOURCES D A RESERVOIR RECREATION **B** C. COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL D D. NOT CURRENTLY USED **DRINKING WATER SOURCE** 02 AFFECTED/POTENTIALLY AFFECTED BODES OF WATER AFFECTED DISTANCE TO SITE no name lake quarry 0 <u>adiacent</u> 0 Y. DEMOGRAPHIC AND PROPERTY INFORMATION 01 TOTAL POPULATION WITHEN 02 DISTANCE TO NEAREST POPULATION TWO (2) MLES OF SITE THREE (3) MILES OF SITE ONE (1) MILE OF SITE 131 1180 52 advacent me NO OF PERSONS NO OF PURSONS NO OF PERSONS 03 HUMBER OF BUILDINGS WITHIN TWO (2) MILES OF BITE OH DISTANCE TO NEAREST OFF SITE BUILDING adjacent mo

The population of the area surrounding the Mapco site is rural and sparsely Populated.

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

L IDENTIFICATION

\$EPA		SITE INSPECTION REPORT 15-WATER, DEMOGRAPHIC, AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATA OI STATE OF SUITE NAMES TL. DO42849547					
VL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMA	ATION	_					
O1 PERMEMBLITY OF UNGATURATED 2			I THAN 10 ⁻³ cm/sec				
02 PERMEABILITY OF BEDROCK (Owe)	evel	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1				
	10 ⁻⁴ owiec) (10 ⁻⁴ - 10 ⁻⁴ owiec)	BLE SC. RELATIVELY PERMEABLE () 0). VERY PERMEABLE (Green stan 10 ⁻² cm sec)				
03 DEPTH TO BEDROCK	04 DEPTH OF CONTAMINATED SOIL ZONE	OS SOIL pM					
~ 15 - 60 m	unknown m	<u>unknown</u>					
06 NET PREOPITATION	07 ONE YEAR 24 HOUR RAINFALL	OR SLOPE DIRECTION OF SITE S	SLOPE, TERRAIN AVERAGE SLOPE				
	2.3(h)	_35* Eqst	~ .3				
SITE IS N NA YEAR FLO	D SITE IS ON BAR	RIER ISLANÒ, COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREA	RIVERINE FLOODWAY				
11 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS IS ACTUMENT		12 DISTANCE TO CRITICAL HABITAT AT ANALYSIS	M special				
ESTUARINE	OTHER	· —	(ml)				
A	8. <u>NA</u> (mil)	ENDANGERED SPECIES: NON E	e listed				
DISTANCE TO: COMMERCIAL MOUSTR A COCIALENT MO		IFE RESERVES . PRIME AG LAN	CULTURAL LANDS AG LAND IND D. adjacent inno				
3		74 had 6	- find 0 SOUTHERE - Find				
See Append			•				
	f the United States	4. Appray					
USGS topographic SSI/FIT 6-13-1 State File Inform	map of Alhens, Greenvi 89	iew, Salisbury, Petersbu	ary				

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 6-SAMPLE AND FIELD INFORMATION

L EDENTFICATION

01 STATE OF BITE MARBER

TL DOY 2849547

			
E SAMPLES TAKEN	TO I NUMBER OF	Top surples sent to	OS ESTEMATED DATE
SAMPLE TYPE	SAMPLES TAKEN		RESULTS AVALABLE
GROUNOWATER	.1	TAL STC Environmental Consultano	
- CONDITATED	4	Analytes: Rockville, mb	Avail able
	1	BNA Hazleton Labs, Inc.	\$
		Pest/PCB: Madicon WI. VOA's . U.S. EPA Central Regional Lab Region I	
		Chicago, IL	
		TAL Enseco / Rocky Mountian Analytical	
Surface water	1	Amytes · Aruado, Co.	Available
		TCL Center Labs	
		compounds. Brighton, Co	ļ
,	1	•	}
		TAL Enseco/Rocky Mountan Analytical	
soil	6	Analytes: Arvado, Co	Available
	1		
IL FIELD MEASUREMENTS T	AVEN	Compounds: Brighton, co	·
OI THE	TOS COMMENTS	——————————————————————————————————————	
Drager Pump	No solo	er change	
Radiation Mini - Alect	•	g above background	
Explosimeter	1	above background	
Oxygen Meter	1	above background	•
-0	•	•	
DUA - 128 IV. PHOTOGRAPHS AND MAP	PE 140 1 FGOTY	gs above background	
OI TYPE IN GROUND IN AERIA		concustoor or Ecology & Environment, Inc., Chic	200
		Plane of experience or refreshall	"
© MAPS 04 LOCATIO		peronment, Inc. Chicago	
. DNO	- cology of EW	TIPINERC PIE. CITALIA	
V. OTHER FIELD DATA COLL			
Temperature, cond	uctive, and Ph	1, For Residential Wells and Surface water.	
- RWI/MSD R	CW2/DUP	RW3 RW4 Blank So Put SWI	
		The state of the s	Blank for SW
I. 11. c	10° C	11°C 6°C 13°C 19°C	II°C
PH 7.18	7.24 -		
8	1.07	7.76 7.30 6.26 9.50	7.33
§ 500 9	00 Li	10	
mhos	- Ala	00 500 mhos 1000)
<u> </u>		nos mhos mhos	Mhos
VI. SOURCES OF INFORMATI		g , Mais Got, south and/set, reported	
Ecology & Env.	ronment, I	Enc. File Information Region I	- -
7 30.03%	•	,	
SSI conducted	June 13	, (989	
		•	
1			

		POTENTIAL HA	AZARDOUS WASTE SITE LIDENTIFICATION		
\$EPA	•		FOTION DEDOOT 01 STATE OF SITE NUMBER		
VLIA		PART 7 - OV	YNER INFORMATION	TI	042849547
L CURRENT OWNER(S)		_ 	PARENT COMPANY		
DINUE		02 D+8 NUMBER	OB NAME		OO D+B NUMBER
Mapro Gas Products, 7	Inc.		Mapro Gas Products	Tne	
		04 SIC COO€	10 STREET ADDRESS (P O BOL MO P. ME)	-) +11 -	11 SC COOE
Rural Route # 2	_	i i	P.O. Box 21628		
osult	06 STATE	07 ZIP COOE	12 CITY	13 STATE	14 2IP COOE
Athens	IL	.62613	Tulsa	OK	74121
O1 NAME		02 D+B NUMBER	OB NAME		09 D+8 NUMBER
		<u> </u>			
03 STREET ADDRESS IP 0 Box, NFO P. on 1		04 S/C CODE	10 STREET ADDRESS (P.D. Box, NO P. acc.)		11 SIC COOE
	· · · · · ·				
a an	D6 STATE	07 ZP COO€	12 017	13 STATE	14 ZP COOE
	L				
OI KWE		02 D+8 NUMBER	06 NAME		O9 O+B NUMBER
		04 S/C COO€	10 STREET ADDRESS # 0. dos. AFD f. on;)		I 11SIC CODE
OD STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Box, RFD F, oct.)			TO STREET RECRESSION BOLL WOV, BET		1130000
os atr	DA STATE	07 ZIP CODE	12017	113 STATE	114 23P COOE
O1 RWE	L	02 D+8 NUMBER	OB NAME		09 D + B NUMBER
		1			
Q3 STREET ADDRESS (P.O Box, NFD 4. oc.)		04 SC COOE	10 STREET ADDRESS P.O. Box, MOP. at 1		118C COOE
{		į.	į		i
OS CITY	OG STATE	07 ZP COOE	12017	13 STATE	14 2P CODE
			1		·
BL PREVIOUS OWNER(S) and made record than			IV. REALTY OWNER(S) # applicate, for each	aced but	·
OI NUME		02 D+B HUNDER	OI NAME		02 D+# NUMBER
Loren E. Hopwood					
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O and AFO F. and		04 SC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS P.O Box, N/DP, onc.)		04 SEC CODE
unknown		<u></u>			
		07 2P COOE	os any	OS STATE	07 ZP COOE
Athens	IL	62613			
OI NAME		OZ D+B NOVBER	O1 NAME	j	02 D+8 MUMBER
Kennedy Kinciad		O4 SIC CODE	03 STREET ADDRESS P.O. Sec. NO. C. C.		10.00000
			Sometiments of the second		04 SC COOE
unknown of an	OS STATE	07 20° COOE	OS CITY	O6 STATE	07 2P COOE
Athens	IL	62613	į		
OI MAKE		02 D+8 MANBER	OI NAME		02 0+ 8 MUMBER
1					
03 STREET ACOPESS P.O Sec. MOP. ot 1		04 SIC COOE	03 STREET ADDRESS P 0 Sec. NO 1. oc. 1		04 SIC COOE
·		_1			
OSCITY	06 STATE	07 ZP COOE	06 CITY	OS STATE	07 ZIP COOE
	L	l			
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CAN MICH.	-	e.g., alors thei, sample and	yes, reported		
222	_				
SSI conducted on	Jun	e 13,1989			
State file and FI	10	le Region	~ T		
JOHN ME WIN ! I	1	,_ 1.3101	•		
EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-41)					

\$EPA
IL CURRENT OP
OI NAME

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 8 - OPERATOR INFORMATION

L IDENTIFICATION					
OI STATE	02 SITE NUMBER				
IL	DOY2849547				

IL CURRENT OPERATO	R processores	-		OPERATOR'S PARENT COMPANY				
OI NAME			02 D+8 MJMBER	10 KAME		110+8 MARGER		
Marco Car D	roducts Tr	٠c		Magaca Gas Produc	to Inc			
Mapo Gas P	NOT. OR	19	04 S4C COOE	Mago co Gas Produc	13 + + 110	13 SC 000€		
Rural Ra	1 = #2		1	00 Box 2160	n K			
os corr	ite	OS STATE	07 ZP COOE	P.D. Box 2162	ISSTATE	16 ZP COOE		
Althens		IL	62613	Tulsa	DK	74121		
OB YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER	.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
ટ્રા	Mapco Go	s Pro	iducts, Inc					
ML PREVIOUS OPERAT	OR(S) &	a(pr	y 8 attend from somet	PREVIOUS OPERATORS' PARENT COMPANIES				
01 NAME			02 D+8 NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B NUMBER		
Loren F. Hos	baaus			-				
LOTEN E. HOS	NO1. est		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS P O. Box, AFD F, MILL		13 SC COOE		
			1	1	•			
unknown car	·	OS STATE	07 ZP COOE	14 017	15 STATE	16 ZP CODE		
Athens	:	IL	62613					
OR YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER	OURING THE	S PERIOD					
13	Same							
OI NAME			02 D+8 NUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B MUMBER		
Konnodu	Kincial			1				
Kennedy	WD! C		04 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS P.O Box MDF. OEJ		13 SC COOE		
			ł	ł				
& an UNKROWN	<u></u>	OS STATE	07 ZP COOE	14 017	16 STATE	16 ZP CODE		
Athens		TL	62613		1 !	•		
ON YEARS OF OPERATION	00 NAME OF OWNER			1.				
12	50 0							
OI NAME	Same		02 D+8 MUMBER	10 NAME		11 D+B HUMBER		
03 STREET ADDRESS (F.O. A.	. AD 4 = 1		TO4 SIC CODE	12 STREET ADDRESS P.O. But, NPD 1, and		113 SIC COOR		
			1	24 1 T				
<u></u>		los et ate	07 22° CODE	14007	Tea areas			
OS CITY			or Brook		ISSIAIE	16 ZP COOE		
OR YEARS OF OPERATION	09 NAME OF OWNER	DUFFING THE	S PERIOD	 				
			•	1				
			· 					
IV. SOURCES OF INFO	HMA I IUN (Chr sprofi	· mbrocot.	.g., state flot, cample analysis					
3 .								

SSI conducted on June 13, 1989

FIT and State files, Region I

O EDA	F	OT		IDOOD MADIC SILE	LIDENTIF		
\$EPA				HON REPORT	OI STATE OF		12849547
	PART	9 - G	ENERATORITA	INSPORTER INFORMATION	77.12		74077377
IL ON-SITE GENERATOR		V					
OINAME	,	02 0	+ B NUMBER				
Marco Gas Products,	Inc	<u> </u>	0.00				
03. STREET ADDRESS (P.O doc, NO.) are 1			04 SIC CODE				
Rural Route #2	OG STATE	102.2	P COOF				
A 1 1	IL	ı	2613				
Hthens B. Off-site Generatorys)	1		30012				
OI NAME		02.0	+ 6 NUMBER	O1 NAME		02 0	+ B NUMBER
unknown				•			
03 STREET ADDRESS (P.O. Aug. NO F. and		_	04 SIC COOE	03 STREET ADORESS PO Box NO 1 . ME)		_	04 SIC CODE
				·			
osan	O6 STATE	07 Z	P COOE	ος απγ	OS STATE	07 2	OP COOE
	<u> </u>	L		<u> </u>	1		•
O1 NAME		02 0	+ B NUMBER	O1 NAME		02 0)+8 NUMBER
		L,				L_	
QJ STREET ADORESS (P.O. dos. N/O f. doc.)			04 SIC COOE	OJ STREET ADDRESS P O. dec. NFD (, etc.)			04 SIC COOE
os ary	D6 STATE	107.2	P COOF	os CITY	OS STATE	07.7	P COOF
							- •••
W. TRANSPORTER(S)	L	<u>. </u>		<u> </u>	لــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		
OI RAME		02 0	+ B NUMBER	O1 HAME		02 0	+ 8 NUMBER
None		}	-				
03 STREET ADDRESS P.O. out, WO !, out.)			04 SIC COOE	03 STREET ADDRESS P & But, NO P, atc.)		Ы	04 SIC 000E
OS CITY	OS STATE	07 Z	₽ COOE	OS CITY	OS STATE	07 2	⊅ COO€
		<u> </u>				L_	
OI NAME		02 0	+8 MUMBER	OI NAME	·	∞2 0	HE KIMBER
03 STREET ADDRESS P.O. Box, NOV, occ)		ᆫ	04 SIC COOE	OJ STREET ADDRESS P.O. Sec. NO F. SEC.		L,	
or street records p.o. aut mov. uny							04 SIC COOE
os any	DO STATE	07 2	P CODE	05 CITY	OS STATE	07.2	DP CODE
V. SOURCES OF INFORMATION (Con specific		•			لـــــل	<u> </u>	
						_	
SSI conducted	00	6	113/89	•			
22T CONDUCCED	011			_			
FIT and State	: Fil	وح	, Region]	<u>V</u>			
1 2			_				
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EPA FORM 2070-13 (7-41)

ŞEPA	SITE	HAZARDOUS WAS NSPECTION REPOR AST RESPONSE ACTI	7	DENTIFICATION TATE OF SITE NUMBER L D04284954
PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES				
01 D.A. WATER SUPPLY CLOSED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A		03 AGENCY	
01 O B. TEMPORARY WATER SUPPLY PO 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A		03 AGENCY	
01 O.C. PERMANENT WATER SUPPLY PO 04 DESCRIPTION	A) IA	O2 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 D D SPILLED MATERIAL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION	A/N	02 DATE	O3 AGENCY	
01 D.E. CONTAMINATED SOIL REMOVED 04 DESCRIPTION	 		03 AGENCY	
01 D.F. WASTE REPACKAGED 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 () G. WASTE DISPOSED ELSEWHERE 04 DESCRIPTION	AIA	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 G H. ON SITE BURIAL 04 DESCRIPTION	W/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
O1 D L IN SITU CHEMICAL TREATMENT. 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 (2.4 IN SITU BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
O1 D K. IN SITU PHYSICAL TREATMENT O4 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGBICY	
01 D.L. ENCAPSULATION 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 C M. EMERGENCY WASTE TREATMEN 04 DESCRIPTION	n A(N	OS DATE	03 AGENCY	
01 C N. CUTOFF WALLS 04 DESCRIPTION	N/A	02 DATE	03 AGENCY	

N/A

N/A

N/A

02 DATE .

02 DATE_

03 AGENCY

03 AGENCY .

01 C P. CUTOFF TRENCHES/SUMP 04 DESCRIPTION

01 C Q SUBSURFACE CUTOFF WALL 04 DESCRIPTION

<	1	
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L		
¢)

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE

DENTIFICATION	DO42849547	-
L IDEN	OI STATE	•

WILY WILY	SAILE INSPECTION REPORT PART 10 - PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES	76 DOY 3848547
R PAST RESPONSE ACTIVITIES COMM		
ON D. R. BARMER WALLS CONSTRUCTED ON DESCRIPTION	}	OS AGENCY
	N/H	
01 D S. CAPPING/COVERNG 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	O3 AGENCY
	N/A	
01 CJ T. BULK TANKAGE REPARED 04 DESCRIPTION	02 DATE	CO AGENCY
	#/N	
ON O U. GROUT CURTAN CONSTRUCTED OA DESCRIPTION	N/A COME	03 AGENCY
O1 D V. BOTTOM SEALED	Q2 DATE	OS AGENCY
04 DESCRETION	N/A	•
OF D. W. GAS CONTROL OF DESCRETION	02 DATE	W AGENCY
	NA	
01 D X FRE CONTROL 04 DESCARPTION	4/A	мевиси.
ON D. Y. LEACHATE TREATMENT OA DESCRIPTION	N/A	CO AGENCY
	N/A	а межет
O4 DESCHPTION	N/A	— co AGENCY
61 D 2. POPULATION RELOCATED 64 DESCRIPTION	N/A	63 AGBACY
91 D 3, OTHER REMEDIAL ACTIVITIES	OZ DATE	CO AGENCY
9 DESCRETION	N√one	
IL SOURCES OF INFORMATION for ench reference, e.g. and the service copyright	efrores, e.g., ann des, earen enerst, resold	
State and FIT files,	, Region I	

SEPA

POTENTIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITE SITE INSPECTION REPORT PART 11 - ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

LIDENTIFICATION

OI STATE OR SITE MARGER

IL DO 428 495-47

IL ENFORCEMENT INFORMATION

01 PAST REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION () YES - (III NO

02 DESCRIPTION OF FEDERAL STATE, LOCAL REGULATORY/ENFORCEMENT ACTION

In 1980, Mapro but an unlined on-site temporary holding lagoon without a permit. The waste in the lagoon is permitted to seep into the ground or is pumped to an adjacent farm field when the lagoon is full.

MIL SOURCES OF INFORMATION (CAN EDUCAL INSURANCE, M. g., MANN MINE, EARLY MANNY AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

FIT files and State files, Region II SSI conducted on 6/13/89 APPENDIX C

FIT SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

SITE NAME: MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

PAGE 1 OF 2-8

U.S. EPA ID: ILD042849547

TDD: F05-8810-017

PAN: FILO483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: /220

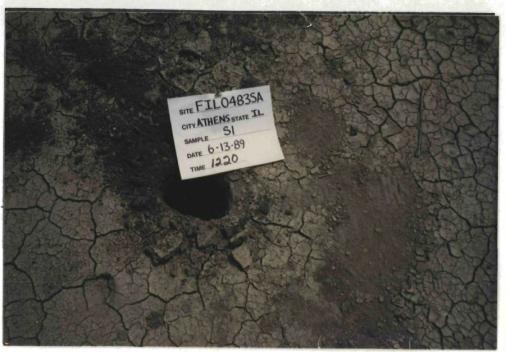
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:
Ronnie Galmore

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): Sl



DESCRIPTION: Close up of soil Sample SI

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1220

DIRECTION OF

WEATHER

PHOTOGRAPH: South

(if applicable): SI

CONDITIONS: SUNNY, 65° F.

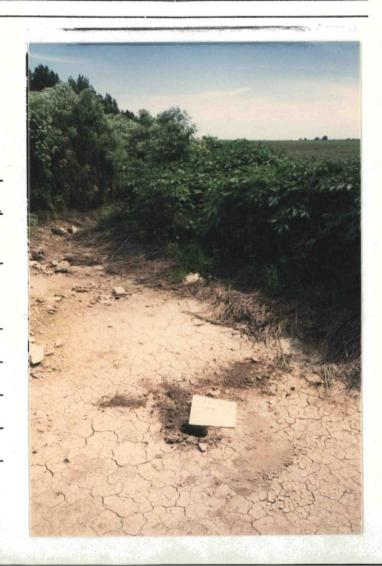
PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Ronnie Galmore
SAMPLE ID

DESCRIPTION: Soil Sample SI

is locate near a form Feld where lagoon's water

is pumped. Perspective of

31.



SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FILO483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1245

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

North

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

Deborah Barrett

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):

52



DESCRIPTION: Close up of Soil Sample Sa

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1245

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North

WEATHER CONDITIONS: SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deborah Barrett

SAMPLE ID

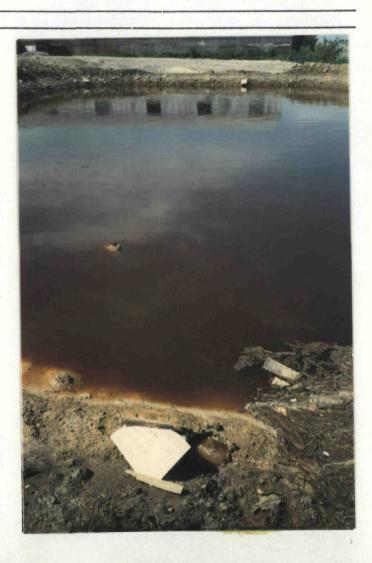
(if applicable): 52 is located

DESCRIPTION: at the edge

of the lagoon. The sample

was taken From the south end

of the one site lagoon.



FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1300

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

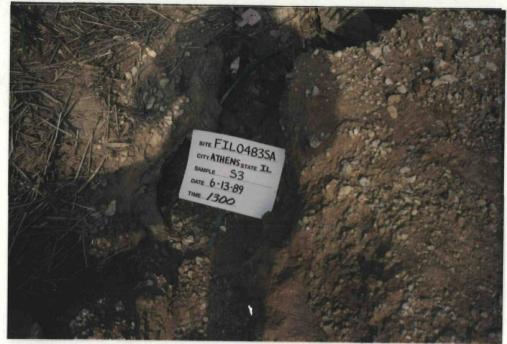
NA

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): 33



DESCRIPTION: Close up of soil Sample

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1300

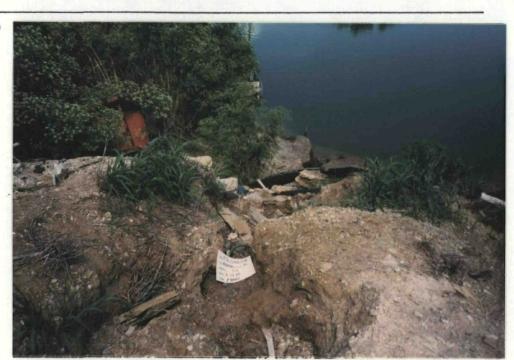
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): 53



DESCRIPTION: Soil Sample S3 was collected From a run off

channel located behind the dry pesticide building that leads to the quarry.

SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1345

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South-South East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): 54



DESCRIPTION: dose up of Soil sample 54.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1345

DIRECTION OF

PHOTOGRAPH: East

VEATHER

CONDITIONS: SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID

(if applicable): Sample 54

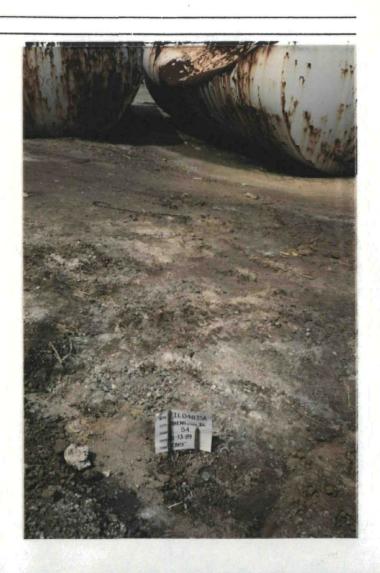
DESCRIPTION: is located near

the old storage tanks that

are no longer used. The

tanks are lorated at the

South east soction of the



SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID: ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1355

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: Close up of 55

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TINE: 1355

DIRECTION OF

PHOTOGRAPH: South-East

VEATHER

CONDITIONS: SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID

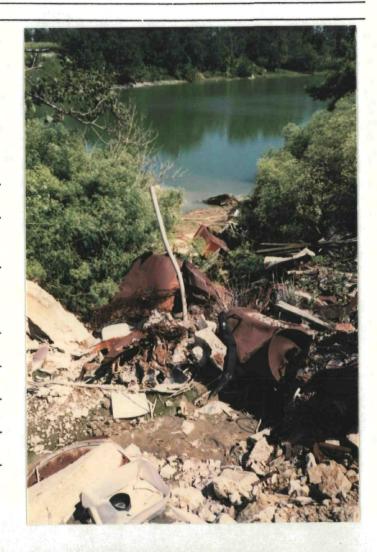
(if applicable): Soil Sample

DESCRIPTION: 55 was collected

near a pile of refuse that is

located south east of the onsite

agon.



FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. SITE NAME:

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FIL0483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1435

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): 56

DESCRIPTION: Close up of 56



DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1435

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):

DESCRIPTION: Perspective of Sb, the potential background soil

sample.

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. PAGE 7 OF 28 SITE NAME: U.S. EPA ID: ILD042849547 F05-8810-017 FIL0483SB TDD: PAN: DATE: JUNE 13, 1989 TIME: 1130 DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: East WEATHER CONDITIONS: SUNNY, 65° F. PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Ronnie Galmare SAMPLE ID (if applicable): SWI

DESCRIPTION: Surface water sample SWI, a close up picture.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: _1130

DIRECTION OF

PHOTOGRAPH: East

VEATHER

CONDITIONS: SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMADYE

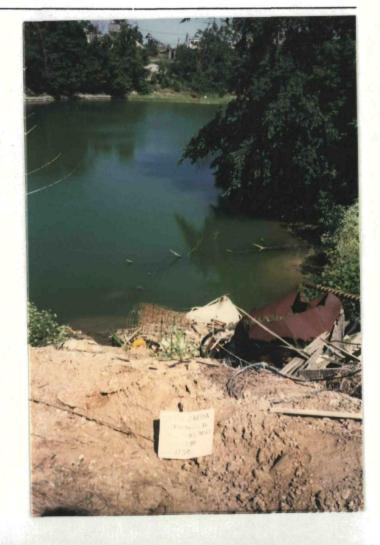
SAMPLE ID

(if applicable): SW\

DESCRIPTION: Perspective photo

of SWI. Taken from the

quarry



FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

SITE NAME: MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FIL0483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1200

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

West

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RW4



DESCRIPTION: dose up of residential well sample RW4.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1200

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South West

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RW4



DESCRIPTION: for spective photo of RW4.

FIELD PHOTOGRAPHY LOG SHEET

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. SITE NAME:

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FIL0483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1145

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RW3



DESCRIPTION: Close up of residential well sample RW3

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1145

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RW3

DESCRIPTION: Perspective photo of RW3.

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. SITE NAME:

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1145

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

North

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RW3

DESCRIPTION: Perspective of RWZ,

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1415

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

NA

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RW2



DESCRIPTION: Close up of residential well sangle RND.

SITE NAME: MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 14/5

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South West

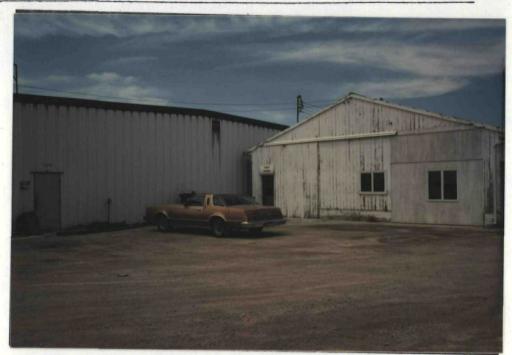
WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RWa

DESCRIPTION: Perspective Poho's of residential well RN2.



DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1100

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RW. 1

DESCRIPTION: Close up of residential well sample RWI



SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FIL0483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1100

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

North East

WEATHER

CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: KURT SIMS

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): RWI

DESCRIPTION: Perspective photo of RWI.



DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1230

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North-Northwest

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NA



DESCRIPTION: Photo of storage tanks, lagoon with portable pump.

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. SITE NAME:

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FIL0483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1230

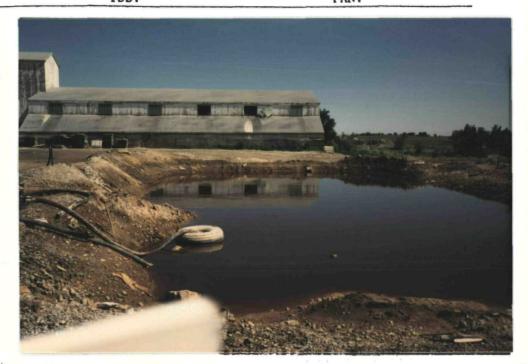
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NA



DESCRIPTION: Photo of lagoon and dry pertiride storage building.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1735

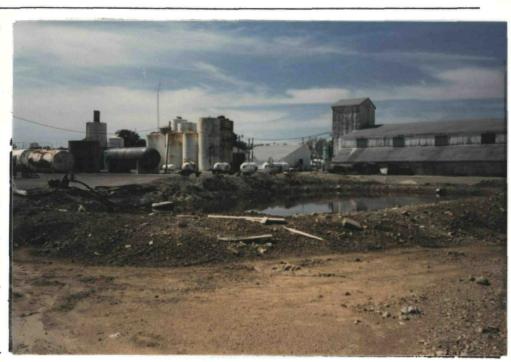
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North-North west

WEATHER **CONDITIONS:**

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NA



DESCRIPTION: Photo of lagoon, dry powder pesticide storage building, and storage tanks.

SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1730

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

North-North East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):

MA

DESCRIPTION: A pile of refuse located near the lagoon, and

the dry pesticide storage building in the background.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1230

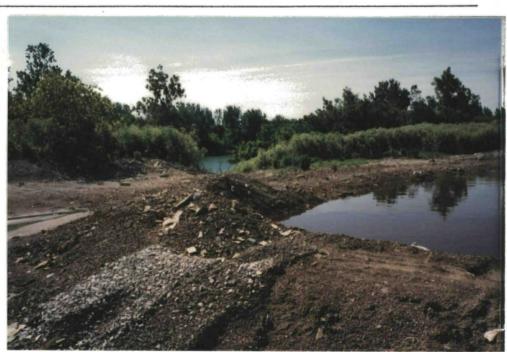
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South - South east

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): MA



DESCRIPTION: Photo of the on site lagoon and the quarry

is in the background

SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1310

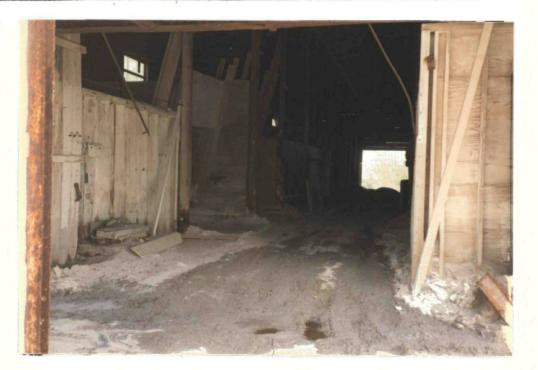
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:
West

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NA



DESCRIPTION: The inside of the dry posticide storage building.

DATE: _____JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1235

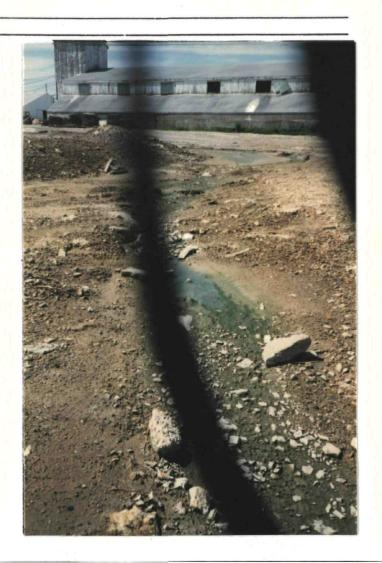
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North-North west

WEATHER
CONDITIONS: SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID
(if applicable): NA

DESCRIPTION: The underground water lipe from the quarry had several leak init. Utter was notice leaking out of the ground by FIT.



SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

FIL0483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1310

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

West

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: The in-side of the dry posticide storage

building

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1310

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North West

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: The back entrance to the dry perticule storage building. The building does not have doors.

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. SITE NAME:

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FILO483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 13/5

DIRECTION OF

PHOTOGRAPH:

Egst

WEATHER

CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NA



DESCRIPTION: Refuse located on the side of a stope behind.

the dry pesticide storage building.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 13/5

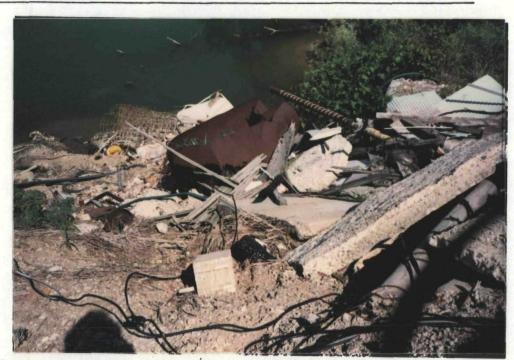
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: Egst

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): MA



DESCRIPTION: fefuse, tires, concrete pieces, wire, storage tanks, and

drums, are located on the side of a slope behind the dry perticide storage building. The fragrey is a algae green color.

SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID: ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1340

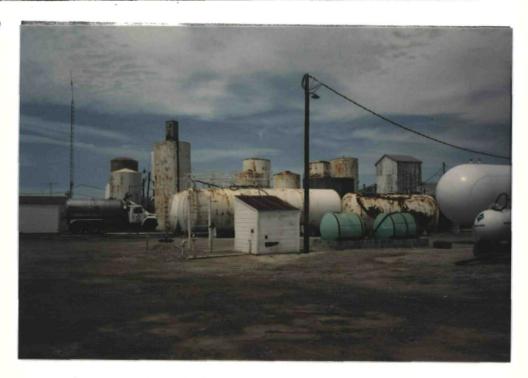
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NV



DESCRIPTION: Storage tanks located on-site

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1405

DIRECTION OF

PHOTOGRAPH: South-South east

WEATHER

CONDITIONS: SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barvett

SAMPLE ID

(if applicable): Refuse, Storage

DESCRIPTION: tank, auto parts

wire, pesticide container,

and paint cans, located on

a slope east of the on-site

1990Dh.



MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. SITE NAME:

PAGE 19 0F28

U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FIL0483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1330

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

South

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): AN

DESCRIPTION: Small propone storage tanks.



DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1400

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South-East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: Refuse locate on a slope east of the on-site

lagoon.

SITE NAME: MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD: F05-8810-017

PAN: FILO483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1330

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:
South - East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):

Anhydrous Ammonia storage tanks.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1335

DIRECTION OF
PHOTOGRAPH:
South - South East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NA

DESCRIPTION: Old rusting storage Eank. no longer used.



SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FILO483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1500

DIRECTION OF

PHOTOGRAPH:

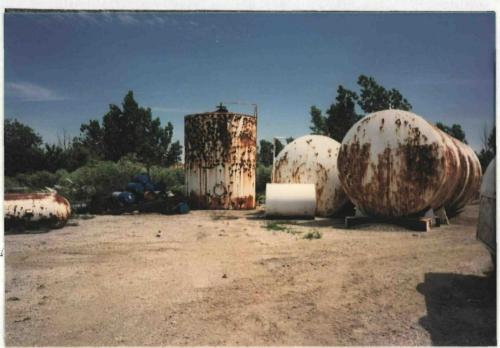
South-South East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: Old storage tanks and 55 gallon drums.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1500

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Deb Barrett

SAMPLE ID

(if applicable): Drum located

DESCRIPTION: <u>next</u> to the old

Storage tanks. The labels on

the side of the drums read

"Flammable Liquid", "Dow

N Serve 24 - Nitrogen

Stabilizer.



SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1500

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

NW

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: A small 5 gallon can inside a 55 gallon drum.

There was some type of liquid in the botton of the drum, which is located next to the old storage Earks.

DATE:

JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 15/5

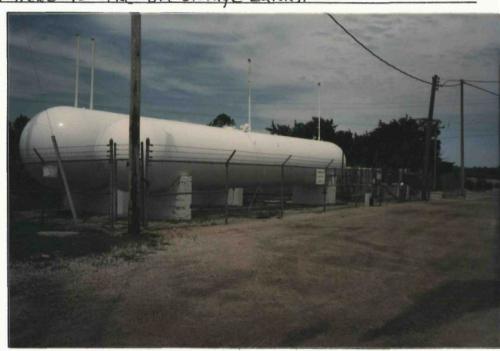
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: North-North East

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: Large propane storage tunks inside a fenced over.

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. SITE NAME:

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FIL0483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1500

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: East

VEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: An old rusting storage tank.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1515

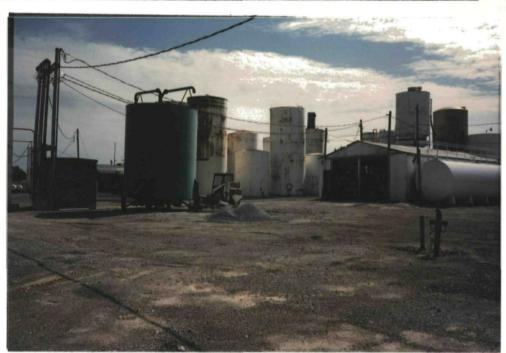
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South West

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: A storage building and storage tanks located onsite, Most of the storage tanks are rusting.

SITE NAME: Mapro Gas Products, Inc

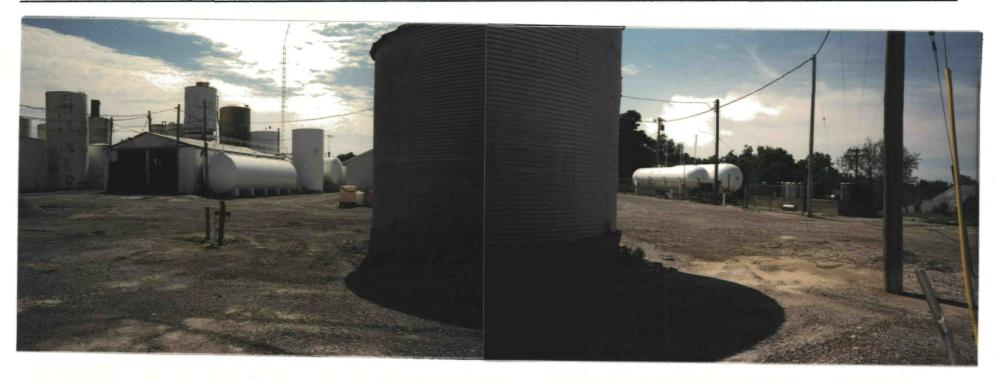
PAGE 240F 28

U.S. EPA ID: 120042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN: FILO4835B



DATE: June 13, 1989 TI	ME: 15/0	DIRECTION OF PH	HOTOGRAPH: West	PHOTOGRAPHED BY: Ronnie Galm	1Dre
WEATHER CONDITIONS:	Sunny	65° F.		SAMPLE ID (if applicable):	NA
DESCRIPTION: Large	storage tan	Ks, storage b	ouilding and a un	used storage tank-	

SITE NAME: MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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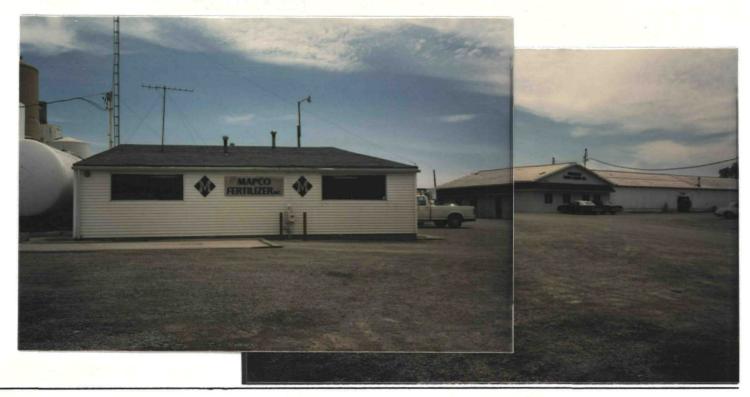
U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN: FIL0483SB



DATE: JUNE 13, 1989 TIME:	1570 DIRECTION	OF PHOTOGRAPH: South	PHOTOGRAPHED BY:	DEBORAH BARRETT
WEATHER CONDITIONS:	SUNNY, 65°F.		SAMPLE ID (if	applicable): NA
DESCRIPTION: Mapo	Gas Products, Inc.	office building and	Precision Tank	and Equipment Company

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC. SITE NAME:

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

F05-8810-017 TDD:

FILO483SB PAN:

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1550

DIRECTION OF

PHOTOGRAPH:

East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):

DESCRIPTION: Large Storage tanks. One of the Storage tanks is

de nted.

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1535

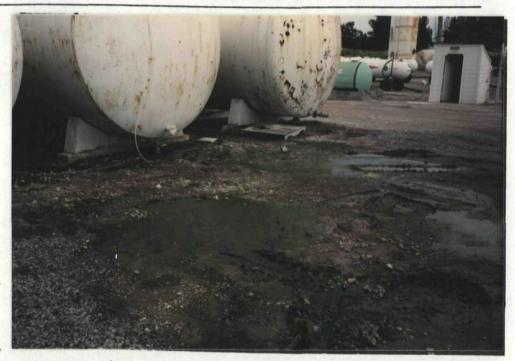
DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: South-East

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: RONNIE GALMORE

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: Some of the storage tanks had discolored

water around them.

SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1600

DIRECTION OF

PHOTOGRAPH:

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: Aerial photo of the site take in 1984

DATE:

JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1600

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable):



DESCRIPTION: Aerial photo of the site, 1984.

SITE NAME:

MAPCO GAS PRODUCTS, INC.

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U.S. EPA ID:

ILD042849547

TDD:

F05-8810-017

PAN:

FIL0483SB

DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1600

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH:

NK

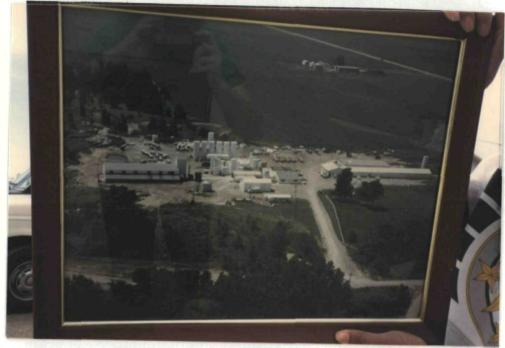
WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY:

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NA

DESCRIPTION: A gerial photo of the site.



DATE: JUNE 13, 1989

TIME: 1600

DIRECTION OF PHOTOGRAPH: NA

WEATHER CONDITIONS:

SUNNY, 65° F.

PHOTOGRAPHED BY: DEBORAH BARRETT

SAMPLE ID (if applicable): NA

DESCRIPTION: Aerial photo of the site



APPENDIX D

U.S. EPA TARGET COMPOUND LIST AND

TARGET ANALYTE LIST

QUANTITATION/DETECTION LIMITS

ROUTINE ANALYTICAL SERVICES
CONTRACT REQUIRED DETECTION AND QUANTITATION LIHITS

Contract Laboratory Program Target Compound List Quantitation Limits

COMPOUND	CAS A	VATER	SOIL
COHPOUND	CAS #	VALER	SLUDGE
Chloromethane	74-87-3	10 ug/L	10 ug/Kg
Bromomethane	74-83-9	10	10
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	10	10
Chloroethane	75-00-3	10	10
Hethylene chloride	75-09-2	5	5
Acetone	67-64-1	10	5
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	5	
1.1-dichloroethene	75-35-4		5 5 5 5
1,1-dichloroethane	75-34-3	5	5
1,2-dichloroethene (total)	540-59-0	Š	5
Chloroform	67-66-3	Š	5
1,2-dichloroethane	107-06-2	\$ 5 5 5 5	· 5
2-butanone (KEK)	78-93-3	10	10
1,1,1-trichloroethane	71-55-6	5 ′	5
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	5	5
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	10	10
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	5	5
1,2-dichloropropane	78-87-5	5	5
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	10061-01-5	Š	5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	5	. 5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	5 5 5 - 5	5
1,1,2-trichloroethane	79-00-5	Š	Š
Benzene	71-43-2	5	5
Trans-1,3-dichloropropene	10061-02-6	Š	5
Bromoform	75-25-2	Š	Š
4-Kethyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	10	10
2-Rexanone	591-78-6	10	10
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	5	5
Tolene	108-88-3	5	5
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	Š	
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7		5 5
Bthyl benzene	100-41-4	5 5	3 €∷
			5 5
Styrene Xylenes (total)	100-42 -5 1330-20-7	5 5	5

Contract Laboratory Program Target Compound List Semivolatiles Quantitation Limits

			SOIL
		• • •	SEDIHENT
COHPOUND	CAS 1	VATER	SLUDGE
Phenol Phenol	108-95-2	10 ug/L	330 ug/Kg
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	111-44-4	10	330
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	10	330
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	10	330
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	10	330
Benzyl Alcohol	100-51-6	10	330
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	10	330
2-Hethylphenol	95-48-7	10	330
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	108-60-1	10	330
4-Methylphenol	106-44-5	10	330
N-Nitroso-di-n-dipropylamine	621-64-7	10	330
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	10	330
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	10	330
Isophorone	78-59-1	10	330
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	10	330
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	10	330
Benzoic Acid	65-85-0	50	
bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	111-91-1	10	1600
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	10	330
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-83-2	10	330
Naphthalene	91-20-3	10	330
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	10	330
Bexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	10	330
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	300
2-Kethylnaphthalene		10	330
	91-57-6	10	330
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene . 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	77-47-4	10	330
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	10	330
	95-95-4	50	1600
2-Chloronaphthalene	91-58-7	10	330
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	50	1600
Dimethylphthalate	131-11-3	10 .	330
Acenaphthylene	208-96-8	10	330
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	10	330
3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	50	1600
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	10	330
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	50	1600
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	50	1600
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	10	330
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	10	330
Diethylphthalate	84-66-2	10	330
4-Chlorophenyl-phenyl ether	7005-72-3	10	330

Contract Laboratory Program Target Compound List Semivolatiles Quantitation Limits

COKPOUND	CAS \$	VATER	SOIL SLUDGE SEDIHENT
Pluorene	86-73-7	10 ug/L	330 ug/ K g
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	50	1600
4,6-Dinitro-2-sethylphenol	534-52-1	50	1600
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	86-30-6	10	- 330
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	101-55-3	10	330
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	10	330
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	50	1600
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	10	330
Anthracene	120-12-7	10	330
Di-n-butylphthalate	84-74-2	10	330
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	10	330
Pyrene	129-00-0	10	330
Butylbenzylphthalate	85-68-7	10	330
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	91-94-1	20	660
Benzo(a)anthracene	56-55-3	10	330
Chrysene	218-01-9	10	330
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	10	330
Di-n-octylphthalate	117-84-0	10~	330
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205-99-2 ·	10	330
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207-08-9	10	330
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	10	330
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	10	330
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	10	330
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	10	330

Contract Laboratory Program Target Compound List Pesticide and PCB Quantitation Limits

COMPANDID			SOIL SEDIHENT
COHPOUND	CAS #	VATER	SLUDGE
alpha-BBC	319-84-6	0.05 ug/L	8 ug/Kg
beta-BBC	319-85-7	0.05	8
delta-BHC	319-86-8	0.05	8
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	58-89-9	0.05	. 8
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.05	8
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.05	8
Beptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.05	8
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.05	8
Dieldri n	60-57-1	0.10	16
4,4'-DDB	72-55-9	0.10	16
Endrin endrin	72-20-8	0.10	16
Endosul fan II	33213-65-9	0.10	16
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	0.10	16
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	0.10	16
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.10	16
(ethoxychlor (Mariate)	72-43-5	0.5	80
Endrin ketone -	53494-70-5	0.10	16
alpha-Chlordane ·	5103-71-9	0.5	80
gamma-chlordane	5103-74-2	0.5	80
Toxaphen e	8001-35-2	1.0	160
Aroclor-1016	12674-11-2	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1221	11104-28-2	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1232	11141-16-5	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1242	53469-21-9	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1248	12672-29-6	0.5	80
AROCLOR-1254	11097-69-1	1.0	160
AROCLOR-1260	11096-82-5	1.0	160

Contract Laboratory Program Target Analyte List Inorganic Quantitation Limits

	COHPOUND	PROCEDURE	SOIL VATER	Sedihent Sludge	
	Aluminum	ICP	200 ug/L	40 mg/Kg	
	Antimony	Furnace	60	2.4	
•	Arsenic	Furnace	10	2	
	Bariu a	ICP	200	40	
	Beryllium	ICP	5	1 .	•
	Cadmium	ICP	5	1	
	Calcium	ICP	5000	1000	
	Chromium	ICP	10	2	
	Cobalt	ICP	· 50	10	
	Copper	ICP	25	5	
	Iron	Icp	100	20	
	Lead	Furnace	. 5	1	
	Kagnesium	ICP	5000	1000	
	Kanganese	ICP	15	3	
	Kercury	Cold Vapor	0.2	0.008	
	Nickel	ICP	40	8	
	Potassium	ICP	5000	1000	`
	Selenium	Furnace	5	1	
	Silver	ICP	10-	2 -	
	Sodium	ICP	5000	1000	
	Thallium	Furnace	10	2	
	Vanadium -	ICP	50	10	
	Zinc	ICP	20	4	
	Cyanide	Color	10	2	

CENTRAL REGIONAL LABORATORY
DETECTION LIHITS

CENTRAL REGIONAL LABORATORY VOLATILE DETECTION LIHITS

PARAMETER	CAS 4	DETECTION LIHIT IN REAGENT VATER
Postero		
Benzene Bromodichloromethane	71-43-2 75-27-4	1.5 ug/L
Bronoform	75-25-2	1.5
Bromomethane	73-23-2 74-83-9	1.5
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23 -5	10
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	1.5
Chloroethane	75-00-3	1.5
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	1.5
Chloroform	67-66-3	1.5
Chloromethane	74-87 -3	1.5
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	10
1,1-dichloroethane	75-34-3	1.5
1,2-dichloroethane		1.5
1,1-dichloroethene	107-06-2 75-35-4	1.5
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	156-60 -5	1.5
1,2-dichloropropane	78-8 7- 5	1.5
cis-1,3-dichlopropropene	10061-01-5	1.5
trans-1,3-dichloropropene	10061-01-3	2
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1
Kethylene chloride*		1.5
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	75-09-2 .	1
Tetrachloroethene	79-34-5 127-18-4	1.5
Toluene*	108-88-3	1.5
1,1,1-trichloroethane	71-55-6	1.5
1,1,2-trichloroethane	79-00-5	1.5
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	1.5
Vinyl chloride	75-01-6 75-01-4	1.5
Acrolein	107-02-8	10
Acetone*	67-64-1	100
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	75 50
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	50
2-butanone	78-93-3 ⁻	_3
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	(50)
4-Hethyl-2-Pentanone	108-10-1	15
2-Bexanone	519-78-6	(3)
Styrene	100-42-5	(50)
m-xylene	108-38-3	1 2
o-xylene**	95-47 - 6	. 4
p-xylene**	106-42-3	9 544
Total Xylene	1330-02-7	2.5 **
rotar ulrene	1330-02-1	•

Common Laboratory Solvents.
 Blank Limit is SX Method Detection Limit.

⁽⁾ Values in parentheses are estimates.
Actual values are being determined at this time.

^{**} The o-xylene and p-xylene are reported as a total of the two.

CRL SEHIVOLATILE DETECTION LIHITS

PARAMETER	CAS ‡	DETECTION LIHIT	BLANK LIHIT
Aniline	62-53-3	1.5 ug/L	3 ug/L
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	1.5	3
Phenol Phenol	108-95-2	2	4
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	2	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	2	5 4
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-4 6- 7	2	4
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	2.5	
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	2	·S S S 2
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	39638-32-9	2.5	Š
2-Hethylphenol	95-48-7	1	2
Bexdachloroethane	67-72-1	2	4
N-nitrosodipropylamine	621-64-7	1.5	
Nitrobenzene	98-95-3	2.5	5
4-Kethylphenol	106-44-5	1 `	2
Isophorone	78-59-1	2.5	3 5 2 5
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	2	4
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	2	4
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	2.5	5
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	2	4
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	2	4
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2 .	4
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	2	4 .
Eexachlorobutadiene	87-68 - 3	2.5	S
Benzoic acid	65-85-0	(30)	(60)
2-Kethylnapthalene	91-57-6	2	4
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	1.5	3
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	2	4
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	1.5	3
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	1.5	3 ,
2-Chloronapthalene	91-58-7	1.5	3 3 3 2 2
Acenapthylene	208-96-8	1.5	3
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	1.5	3
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-2 0-2	1	2
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	1.5	3
3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	2.5	5
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	1	2
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	(15)	(30)
2,4-Dinitrotoluene cont.	121-14-2	1	2

CRL SEHIVOLATILE DETECTION LIHITS

		DETECTION	BLANK (a)
PARAHETER	CAS \$	LIHIT	LIHIT
Fluorene	86-73-7	1 ug/L	2 ug/L
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	1.5	3
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	7005-72-3	1	2
Diethylphthalate	84-66-2	1	2 2
4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-52-1	(15)	(30)
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	` 1 "	2
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine *	86-30-6		_
Diphenylamine *	122-39-4	1.5	3
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	3	
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	101-55-3	1.5	3
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	1.5	. 3
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	2	6 3 3 4
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	1	
Anthracene	120-12-7	2.5	5
Di-n-butylphthalate	84-74-2	2	2. 5 4 3 3
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	1.5	3
Pyrene	129-00-0	1.5	3
Butylbenzylphthalate	85-68-7	3.5	7
Chrysene **	218-01-9		•
Benzo(a)anthracene **	56-55-3	1.5	3
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	1.	2
Di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	1.5	3 2 3
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ***	205-99-2	, 200	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene ***	207-08-9	1.5	3
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	2	4
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	3.5	j .
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	2.5	5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	4	8
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	i	2
cont.	* .		9/87

^{*} These two parameters are reported as a total.

Note: Limits are for reagent vater.

^{**} These two parameters are reported as a total.

^{***} These two parameters are reported as a total.

⁽a) If the blank limit is exceeded, the sample is reextracted and rerun.

⁽⁾ Values in parentheses are estimates.

The actual values are being determined at this time.

CRL
PESTICIDE AND PCB DETECTION LIMITS

•			
		DETECTION	
PARAHETER	CAS #	LIHIT	
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.005 ug/L	
alpha BHC	319-84-6	(0.010)	
beta BHC	319-85-7	(0.005)	
delta BHC	319-86-8	(0.005)	
gama BHC (Lindane)	58 -89-9	0.005	
Chlordane	57 - 74 -8	(0.020)	
4,4'-000	72-54-8	(0.020)	
4,4'-DDE	72-55-9	(0.005)	
4.4'-DDT	50-29 -3	0.020	
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.010	
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.010	
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	0.010	
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	(0.10)	
Endrin	72-20-8	0.010	
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	(0.030)	
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	(0.030)	
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.030	
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	0.005 /	
4,4'-Kethoxychlor	72-43-5	0.020	
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	(0.25)	
PCB-1242	53469-21-9	(0.10)	
PCB-1248	12672-29-6	(0.10)	
PCB-1254	11097-69-1	(0.10)	
PCB-1260	11096-82-5	(0.10)	

^() Values in parentheses are estimates.
Actual values are being determined at this time.

Note: Limits are for reagent water.

CRL INORGANIC DETECTION LIMITS

JANUARY 1986

		DETECTION		
COHPOUND	PROCEDURE	LIKITS	RANGE	UNITS
Aluminum	ICP	80	80 to 1,000,000	ug/L
Antimony	Furnace	2	2 to 30	ug/L
Arsenic	Furnace	2	2 to 30	ug/L
Barium	ICP	6	6 to 20,000	ug/L ug/L
Beryllium	ICP	i	1 to 20,000	ug/L
Boron	ICP	80	80 to 20,000	ug/L
Cadmium	ICP	10	10 to 20,000	ug/L ug/L
Cadmium	Furnace	0.2	0.2 to 2	ug/L ug/L
calcium	ICP	0.5	0.5 to 1,000	ag/L
Chromium	ICP	8	8 to 20,000	ug/L
Cobalt	ICP	6	6 to 20,000	ug/L
Copper	ICP	6	6 to 20,000	ug/L ug/L
iron	ICP	80	80 to 1,000,000	ug/L ug/L
Lead	Furnace	´ 2	2 to 30	ug/L ug/L
Lead	ICP	70	70 to 20,000	_
Lithium	ICP	10	10 to 20,000	ug/L
Magnesium	ICP	0.1	0.1 to 200	ug/L
Kaganese	ICP	5	5 to 20,000	mg/L ug/L
Hercury	Cold vapor	0.1	0.1 to 2	ug/L
Kolybdenum	ICP	15	15 to 20,000	ug/L
Nickel	ICP	15	15 to 20,000	ug/L
Potassium	ICP	5	5 to 1,000	_
Selenium	Furnace	2	2 to 30	mg/L ug/L
Silver	ICP	6	6 to 10,000	•
Sodium	ICP	· i	1 to 1,000	ug/L
Stroutium	· ICP	10	10 to 20,000	mg/L
Sulfide	Titration	ĭ	< 1	ug/L
Sulfide	Color	0.05	ζi	mg/L
Thallium	Furnace	2	2 to 30	mg/L
Titanium	ICP	25	25 10 20,000	ug/L UG/L
Tin	ICP	40	40 to 20,000	
Vanadium	ICP	Š	5 to 20,000	ug/L
Yttrium	ICP	Š .	5 to 20,000	ug/L ,ug/L
Zinc	ICP	40	40 to 1,000,000	
			10 10 110001000	ug/L
Cyanide	AA	.8	8 to 200	ug/L

Note: The above list may or may not contain compounds that are routinely analyzed at CRL for lov level detection limits for drinking vater.

See inorganic Routine Analytical Services for related CAS t.

SPECIAL ANALYTICAL SERVICES DETECTION LIHITS

Drinking Vater Samples

SPECIAL ANALYTICAL SERVICES DRINKING WATER VOLATILE QUANTITATION LIMITS

	· ·		
	•	DETECTION LIHIT	
PARAMETER ·	CAS #	IN REAGENT WATER	
	·······		
Benzen e , '	71-43-2	1.5 ug/L	
Bromodichloromethane	74-27-4	1.5	•
Bromoform	75-25-2	1.5	
Bromomethane	74-83-9	10	
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	1.5	
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	1.5	
Chloroethane	75-00-3	1.5	
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	110-75-8	1.5	
Chloroform	67-66-3	1.5	
Chloromethane	74-87-3	10	
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	1.5	
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	1.5	
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	1.5	
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	1.5	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	1.5	
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	1.5	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	2	
trans-1,3-Dichlopropropene	10061-02-6	i ·	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1.5	
Kethylene chloride *	75-09-2	i	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	1.5	
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	1.5	
Toluene *	108-88-3	1.5	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	1.5	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	1.5	
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	1.5	
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	10	
Acrolein	107-02-8	100	٠.
Acetone *	67-64-1	75	•
Acrylonitrile .	107-13-1	50	
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	3	
2-Butanone	78-93-3	(50)	
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	15	
4-Hethyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	(3)	
2-Rexanone	519-78-6	(50)	
Styrene	100-42-5	1	
z-Xylene	108-38-3	2 ,	
o-Xylene **	95-47-6	,	
O-VATERE	7.1-4/-D		
p-Xylene **	106-42-3	2.5 **	

Common laboratory solvents.

Blank limit is 5x method detection limit.

^() Values in parentheses are estimates. actual values are being determined at this time.

^{**} The o-xylene and p-xylene are reported as a total of the tvo.

SAS DRINKING VATER SEHIVOLATILES QUANTITATION LIHITS

PARAHETER	CAS €	DETECTION LIHIT	· ,-
Aniline	62-53-3	1.5 ug/l	
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	111-44-4	1.5	
Phenol Phenol	108-95-2	2	
2-Chlorophenol	95-57-8	2	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	· 2	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	2	
1,2-Dichlorobenzen e	95-50-1	2.5	
Benzyl alcohol	100-51-6	2	
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	39638-32-9 .	2.5	
2-Kethylphenol	95-48-7	1	
Hexachloroethane	67-72-1	2	
n-Nitrosodipropylamine	621-64-7	1.5	
Nitrobenzene	. 98-95-3	2.5	
4-Kethylphenol	88-75-5	1	
Isophorone	78-59-1	2.5	
2-Nitrophenol	88-75-5	2	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	105-67-9	2	
Bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	111-91-1	2.5	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	120-83-2	2	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	2	•
Naphthalene	91-20-3	2	
4-Chloroaniline	106-47-8	2	
Hexachlorobutadiene	87-68-3	2.5	
Benzoic Acid	65-85-0	(30)	
2-Kethylnapthalene · ·	91-57-6	2	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	59-50-7	1.5	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	77-47-4	2	•
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	88-06-2	1.5	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	95-95-4	1.5	
2-Chloronapthalene	91-58-7	1.5	
Acenapthylhene	208-96-8	1.5	•
Dimethyl phthalate	131-11-3	1.5	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	606-20-2	1	
Acenaphthene	83-32-9	1.5	
3-Nitroaniline	99-09-2	2.5	
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	1	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	51-28-5	(15)	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	121-14-2	1	

SAS DRINKING VATER SEHIVOLATILE QUANTITATION LIHITS

	•		
PARAMETER	CAS \$	LIKIT	
Fluorene	86-73-7	1 ug/L	
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	1.5	
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	7005-72-3	1	
Diethyl phthalate	84-66-2	ī	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-52-1	(15)	
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7	1	
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine *	86-30-6	_	
Diphenylamine *	122-39-4	1.5	,
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	3	
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	101-55-3	1.5	
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	1.5	
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	2	
Phenanthrene	85-018	ī	
Anthracene	-120-12-7	2.5	
di-n-Butyl phthalate	84-74-2	2	
Fluoranthene	206-44-0	1.5	
Pyrene	129-00-0	1.5	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68-7	3.5	
Chrysene **	218-01-9		•
Benzo(A)Anthracene **	56-55-3	1.5	
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	1,	
di-n-Octyl phthalate	117-84-0	1.5	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene ***	205-99-2		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene ***	207-08-9	1.5	
Benzo(a)pyrene	50-32-8	2	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	3.5	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	2.5	•
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	4	
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	1	

^{*} These two parameters are reported as a total.

Note: Limits are for reagent vater.

^{**} These two parameters are reported as a total.
*** These two parameters are reported as a total.

^() Values in parentheses are estimates.

The actual values are being determined at this time.

SAS DRINKING VATER PESTICIDE AND PCB QUANTITATION LIHITS

	•	DETECTION	. •
PARAHETER	CAS #	LIHIT	
Aldrin	309-00-2	0.005 ug/L	
alpha BHC	319-84-6	(0.010)	
beta BHC	319-85-7	(0.005)	•
delta BHC	319-86-8	(0.005)	
gamma BHC (Lindane)	58-89 -9	0.005	1
Chlordane	57-74-9	(0.020)	
4.4'-DDD	72-54-8	(0.020)	
4,4'-DDB	72-55-9	(0.005)	
4.4'-DDT	50-29-3	0.020	
Dieldrin	60-57-1	0.010	
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	0.010	
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	0.010	
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	(0.10)	
Endrin	72-20-8	0.010	
Endrin Aldehyde	7421-93-4	(0.030)	
Endrin Ketone	53494-70-5	(0.030)	-
Heptachlor	76-44-8	0.030	•
Heptachlor Epoxide	1024-57-3	0.005	
4,4'-Hethoxychlor	72-43-5	0.020	
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	(0.25)	* •
PCB-1242	53469-21-9	(0.10)	
PCB-1248	126 72- 29 -6	(0.10)	
PCB-1254	11097-69-1	(0.10)	
PCB-1260	11096-82-5	(0.10)	´ :

⁽⁾ Values in parentheses are estimates.
Actual values are being determined at this time.

Note: Limits are for reagent vater.

SAS DRINKING VATER INORGANIC DETECTION LIHITS

JANUARY 1986

		DETECTION	1
PARAHETER	PROCEDURB \	LIHIT	
Aluminum	ICP	100	
Antimony	GFAA	2	
Arsenic	GPAA	2	•
Barium	ICP	50	,
Beryllium	ICP	5	• ,
Cadmium	ICP	10	
Cadmium	GPAA	0.2	
Calcium	ICP	1000	The state of the s
Chromium	ICP	10	
Cobalt	ICP	10	
Copper	ICP	10	•
Iron	ICP	100	•
Lead	GPAA	2	•
Hagnesiu≡	ICP	1000	
Hanganese	ICP	10	
Kercury	Cold Vapor,	0.2	
Nickel	ICP	20	
Potassium	ICP	2000	
Selenium	GPAA	2	
Silver	ICP.	5	
Sodium	ICP	1000	•
Thallium	GFAA	2	
Tin	ICP	40 .	
Vanadium	ICP	10	
Zinc	ICP .	20	•
Cyanide	Colorimetric	5.0	

Note: The above list may or may not contain compounds that are routinely analyzed at CRL for low level detection limits for drinking water.

See inorganic Routine Analytical Services (RAS) for related CAS #.

SPECIAL ANALYTICAL SERVICES
DETECTION LIHITS

High Concentration Samples

SAS HIGH CONCENTRATION VOLATILES DETECTION LIMITS

		DETECTION		
PARAMETER	CAS	LIHIT		
Benzen e	71-43-2	2.5 mg/Kg		
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	2,5		
Bronoform	75-25-2	2.5		
Bromome thane	74-83-9	5.0		
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	2.5		
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	2.5		,
Chloroethane	75-00 -3	5.0		
2-Chloroethylvinylether	110-75-8	5.0		
Chloroform	√ 67–66–3	2.5		
Chloromethane	74-87-3	2.5		
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	2.5		
1,2-Dichloropropane	156-87-5	2.5		
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	2.5		\ \ \
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	2.5		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	2.5		
1,2-Dichloropròpane	78-87-5	2.5		
cis-1,3-Dichlopropropene	10061-01-5	2.5	•	
trans-1,3-Dichlopropropene	10061-02-6	2.5		
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	2.5		
Kethylene chloride	75-09-2	2.5 .		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	2.5	•	
Tetrachlorethene	127-18-4	2.5		
Toluene	108-88-3	2.5		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	2.5		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	2.5		•
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	2.5		
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	5.0	•	
Acetone	67-64-1	5.0		
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	2.5		
2-Butanone	78-93-3	5.0		
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	5.0	•	
4-Kethyl-2-pentanone	108-10-1	5.0		
2-Hexanone	591-78-6	5.0	•	
Styrene	100-42-5	2.5		
Xylenes	1330-02-7	2.5	•	

o-xylene and p-xylene are reported as a total.

SAS HIGH CONCENTRATION SEHIVOLATILES DETECTION LIHITS

Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether 11-44-4 20 Phenol 108-95-2 20 mg/Kg 2-Chlorophenol 95-57-8 20 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 541-73-1 20 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7 20 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 20 Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6 20 bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether 39638-32-9 20 2-Hethylphenol 95-48-7 20 Hexachloroethane 67-72-1 20 N-Nitrosodipropylamine 621-64-7 20 Nitrobenzene 98-95-3 20 4-Methylphenol 106-44-5 20 Isophorone 78-59-1 20 2-Nitrophenol 88-75-5 20 2-Nitrophenol 88-75-5 20 2-4-Dichlorophenol 105-67-9 20 bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 111-91-1 20 2,4-Dimethylphenol 105-67-9 20 his(2-chloroethoxy)methane 111-91-1 20 2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-83-2 20 4-Chloroaniline 106-47-8 20 Hexachlorosuddiene 87-68-3 20 Benzoic acid 65-85-0 100 2-Nethylnapthalene 91-57-6 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 91-57-6 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 91-59-7 20 Exachlorocyclopentadiene 74-47-4 20 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 91-58-7 20 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 606-20-2 20 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 606-20-2 20 2-Nitroaniline 88-74-4 100 3-Nitroaniline 99-09-2 100 Dibenzofuran 132-64-9 20 2,4-Dinitrophenol 51-28-5 100			DETECTION		
Phenol 108-95-2 20 mg/Kg 2-Chlorophenol 95-57-8 20 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 541-73-1 20 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7 20 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 20 Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6 20 bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether 39638-32-9 20 2-Methylphenol 95-48-7 20 Hexachlorotehane 67-72-1 20 N-Nitrosodipropylamine 621-64-7 20 N-Nitrosodipropylamine 621-64-7 20 N-Nitrosodipropylamine 621-64-7 20 N-Nitrobenzene 98-95-3 20 4-Methylphenol 106-44-5 20 Isophorone 78-59-1 20 2-Nitrophenol 88-75-5 20 2-A-Dimethylphenol 105-67-9 20 bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 111-91-1 20 2,4-Dichlorophenol 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 106-47-8 20 Hexachlorophtadiene 91-20-3 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 59-50-7 20 Benzoic acid 65-85-0 100 2-Methylnapthalene 91-57-6 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 59-50-7 20 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 77-47-4 20 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 91-58-7 20 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 79-59-4 100 2-Chloronaphthalene 91-58-7 20 Acenaphylene 208-96-8 20 Dimethyl phthalate 131-11-3 20 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 606-20-2 20 Acenaphthene 83-32-9 20 2-Nitroaniline 88-74-4 100 3-Nitroaniline 99-09-2 100 Dibenzofuran 132-64-9 20 20 2,4-Dinitrophenol 51-28-5 100	PARAHETER	CAS #	Lihit		
Phenol 108-95-2 20 mg/Kg 2-Chlorophenol 95-57-8 20 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 541-73-1 20 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7 20 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 20 Benzyl alcohol 100-51-6 20 bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether 39638-32-9 20 2-Methylphenol 95-48-7 20 Hexachlorotehane 67-72-1 20 N-Nitrosodipropylamine 621-64-7 20 N-Nitrosodipropylamine 621-64-7 20 N-Nitrosodipropylamine 621-64-7 20 N-Nitrobenzene 98-95-3 20 4-Methylphenol 106-44-5 20 Isophorone 78-59-1 20 2-Nitrophenol 88-75-5 20 2-A-Dimethylphenol 105-67-9 20 bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 111-91-1 20 2,4-Dichlorophenol 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 106-47-8 20 Hexachlorophtadiene 91-20-3 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 59-50-7 20 Benzoic acid 65-85-0 100 2-Methylnapthalene 91-57-6 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 59-50-7 20 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 77-47-4 20 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 91-58-7 20 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 79-59-4 100 2-Chloronaphthalene 91-58-7 20 Acenaphylene 208-96-8 20 Dimethyl phthalate 131-11-3 20 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 606-20-2 20 Acenaphthene 83-32-9 20 2-Nitroaniline 88-74-4 100 3-Nitroaniline 99-09-2 100 Dibenzofuran 132-64-9 20 20 2,4-Dinitrophenol 51-28-5 100	Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	11-44-4	20		
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Hexachloroethane					
N-Nitrosodipropylamine 621-64-7 20 Nitrobenzene 98-95-3 20 4-Methylphenol 106-44-5 20 Isophorone 78-59-1 20 2-Nitrophenol 88-75-5 20 2,4-Dimethylphenol 105-67-9 20 bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 111-91-1 20 2,4-Dichlorophenol 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-82-1 20 Naphthalene 91-20-3 20 4-Chloroaniline 106-47-8 20 Benzoic acid 65-85-0 100 2-Methylnapthalene 91-57-6 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 59-50-7 20 Exachlorocyclopentadiene 77-47-4 20 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 88-06-2 20 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 95-95-4 100 2-Chloronaphthalene 91-58-7 20 Acenapthylene 208-96-8 20 Dimethyl phthalate 131-11-3 20 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 606-20-2 20 Acenapthylene 83-32-9 20 2-Nitroaniline 88-74-4 100 3-Nitroaniline 99-09-2 100 Dibenzofuran 132-64-9 20 2,4-Dinitrophenol 51-28-5 100					
Nitrobenzene 98-95-3 20 4-Methylphenol 106-44-5 20 Isophorone 78-59-1 20 2-Nitrophenol 88-75-5 20 2,4-Dimethylphenol 105-67-9 20 bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 111-91-1 20 2,4-Dichlorophenol 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-82-1 20 Naphthalene 91-20-3 20 4-Chloroaniline 106-47-8 20 Exachlorobutadiene 87-68-3 20 Enzoic acid 65-85-0 100 62-Hethylnapthalene 91-57-6 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 59-50-7 20 Exachlorocyclopentadiene 77-47-4 20 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 88-06-2 20 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 95-95-4 100 2-Chloronaphthalene 91-58-7 20 Acenapthylene 208-96-8 20 Dimethyl phthalate 131-11-3 20 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 606-20-2 20 Acenapthhene 83-32-9 20 2-Nitroaniline 88-74-4 100 3-Nitroaniline 99-09-2 100 Dibenzofuran 132-64-9 20 2,4-Dinitrophenol 51-28-5 100					
4-Methylphenol 106-44-5 20 Isophorone 78-59-1 20 2-Nitrophenol 88-75-5 20 2,4-Dimethylphenol 105-67-9 20 bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane 111-91-1 20 2,4-Dichlorophenol 120-83-2 20 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-82-1 20 Naphthalene 91-20-3 20 4-Chloroaniline 106-47-8 20 Eexachlorobutadiene 87-68-3 20 Benzoic acid 65-85-0 100 2-Methylnapthalene 91-57-6 20 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 59-50-7 20 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene 77-47-4 20 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 88-06-2 20 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol 95-95-4 100 2-Chloronaphthalene 91-58-7 20 Acenapthylene 208-96-8 20 Dimethyl phthalate 131-11-3 20 2,6-Dinitrotoluene 606-20-2 20 Acenaphthene 83-32-9 20 2-Nitroaniline 88-74-4 100 3-Nitroaniline 99-09-2 100 Dibenzofuran 132-64-9 20 2,4-Dinitrophenol 51-28-5 100	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
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Dibenzofuran 132-64-9 20 2,4-Dinitrophenol 51-28-5 100					
2,4-Dinitrophenol 51-28-5 100	Dibenzofuran				
	2,4-Dinitrophenol		100		
	2,4-Dinitrotoluene		20		

SAS HIGH CONCENTRATION SEHIVOLATILES DETECTION LIMITS

	•	DETECTION	
PARAMETER	CAS #	LIMIT	·
Fluorene	86-73-7	20 mg/kg	
4-Nitrophenol	100-02-7	100	
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	7005-72 -3	20	
diethyl phthalate	84-6 6-2	20	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	534-5 2-1	100	
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7		,
n-Nitroso diphenylamine *	86-30 -6	20	
Diphenylamine *	122-39-4		•
4-Nitroaniline	100-01-6	100	
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	101-5 5-3	20	
Hexachlorobenzene	118-74-1	20	
Pentachlorophenol	87-86-5	100	
Phenanthrene -	85-01 -8	20	
Anthracene	120-12-7	20	
di-n-Butyl phthalate	84-74-2	20	
Pluoranthene	206-44-0	20	
Pyrene	129-00 -0	20	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	85-68 -7	20	
Chrysene **	218-01-9	20	•
Benzo(a)anthracene **	56-55-3	20	•
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	117-81-7	20	
di-n-octyl phthalate	117-84-0	20	
Benzo(b) fluoranthene ***	205-99-2	20	
Benzo(k) fluoranthene ***	207-08-9	20	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193-39-5	20	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	53-70-3	20	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191-24-2	20	•
2-Nitroaniline	88-74-4	100	

^{*} These two parameters are reported as a total.

Note: Limits are for reagent water.

^{**} These two parameters are reported as a total.

^{***} These two parameters are reported as a total.

^() Values in parentheses are estimates.

The actual values are being determined at this time.

SAS HIGH CONCENTRATION PESTICIDE AND PCB DETECTION LIMITS

		DETECTION
PARAHETER	CAS 1	LIHIT
Aldrin	309-00-2	20 mg/Kg
alpha BHC	319-84-6	20
beta BHC	319-85-7	20
delta BHC	319-86-8	20
	58-89-9	20
gama BHC (Lindane) Chlordane	57-74-9	20
	31-14-3	20
alpha-Chlordane	72 54 0	20
4,4'-DDD	72-54-8	
4,4'-DDB	72-55-9	20
4,4'-DDT	50-29-3	20 /
Dieldrin	60-57-1	20
Endosulfan I	959-98-8	20
Endosulfan II	33213-65-9	20
Endosulfan sulfate	1031-07-8	20
Endria	72-20-8	20
Endrin aldehyde	7421-93-4	20
Endrin ketone	53494-70-5	20
Heptachlor	76-44-8	20
Heptachlor epoxide	1024-57-3	20
4,4'-Kethoxychlor	72-43-5	20 ·
Toxaphene	8001-35-2	20
Monochlorobiphenyl	27323-18-8	100
Dichlorobiphenyl	25512-42-9	100
Trichlorobiphenyl	25323-68-6	100
Pentachlorobiphenyl	25429-29-2	100
Bexachlorobiphenyl	26601-64-9	100
Heptachlorobiphenyl	· 28655-71-2	100
Octachlorobiphenyl	31472-83-0	100
Nonochlorobiphenyl	53742-07-7	100
Decachlorobiphenyl	2051-24-3	100

SAS BIGH CONCENTRATION INORGANIC DETECTION LIHITS

		DETECTION
PARAHETER	CAS #	LIHITS
Aluminum	7429-90-5	400 mg/kg
Antimony	7440-36-0	20
Arsenic	7440-38-2	20
Barium	7440-39-3	120
Beryllium	7440-41-7	40
Cadmium	7440-43-9	6
Calcium	7440-70-2	800
Chronium	7440-47-3	28
Cobalt	7440-48-4	20
Copper	7440-50-8	40
Iron	7439-89-6	200
Lead	7439-92-1	60
Lithium		
Kagnesium	7439-95-4	800
Hanganese	7439-96-5	40
Hercury '	7439-97-6	0.3
Molybdenum		40 -
Nickel	7440-02-0	40
Potassium	7440-09-7	
Selenium	7782-49-1	20
Silicon	•	800
Silver	7440-22-4	40
Sodium	7440-23-5	4000
Strontium		
Thallium	7440-28-0	400
Titanium		400
Tin		
Vanadium	7440-62-2	200
Yttrium	•	
Zinc	7440-66-6	40
Cyanide		1.5
Sulfide	`	2.5
Conductivity		2.0 uhmos/cm

Note: Compounds with detection limits are analyzed by this method.

Compounds without detection limits can be analyzed by a special SAS request.

SC = Specific conductance value

APPENDIX E

WELL LOGS OF THE AREA OF THE SITE

INSTRUCTIONS TO LLERS

White Copy —
III. Dept. of ruplic Health
Yellow Copy — Well Contractor
Blue Copy — Well Owner

FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CONSUMER HEALTH PROTECTION, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62761. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

1.	Type of Well a. Dug Bored Hole Diam in. Depth Curb material Buried Slab: Yes No b. Driven Drive Pipe Diam in. Depth	
	c. Drilled Finished in Drift In Rock	
	d. Grout: (KIND) PROM (FL.) TO (F	't.)
2.	Distance to Nearest: Building / Ft. Seepage Tile Field Z Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) Privy Sower (Cast iron) Septic Tank Z-74' Leaching Pit Manure Pile Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes 4 N	
3	Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes / N	
<u> </u>	Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes_L_N Date well completed 5 - 2 - 78	·
5	Permanent Pump Installed? YesDateN	
•	Manufacturer Type Location	·
	Capacitygpm. Depth of Setting	F+
6.	Well Top Sealed? Yes Type	
7.	Pitless Adapter Instailed? YesNo	
•	Manufacturer Model Number	
	How attached to casing?	
8.	Well Disinfected? Yes No V	
9.	Pump and Equipment Disinfected? YesNo	
10.	Pressure Tank Sizegal. Type	
	Location	
II. Rei	Water Sample Submitted? YesNoNo	

	GEOLOGICAL AND WATER	SURVEYS	WELL R	ECO	RD .
11. 12.	Property ow Address	Sec Twp Rge	_		
	Casing and Liner Pipe		γ	<u> </u>	SILOW
	m. (in.) Kind and Feight Sh Complete	From (Ft.)	10 27	SEC.	CATION IN FION PLAT
	Static level (t. below casi above ground level. Pumping lev gpm for hours.	relft	. when pu	mping	g at
18.	FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	GН	THICK	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
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INSTRUCTIONS TO L ERS

White Copy —
III. Dept. of Public Health
Yellow Copy — Well Contractor
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ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

a. Dug Bored Hole Diam. 42 in. Depth 40 ft. Curb material Buried Slab: Yes No b. Driven Drive Pipe Jiam. in. Depth ft. c. Drilled Finished in Drift In Rock In Tubular Gravel Packed d. Grout: (KIND) FROM (Ft.) TO (Ft.) 2 Distance to Nearest: Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) Privy Sewer (Cast iron) Septic Tank Barnyard Leaching Pit Manure Pile 3 Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No 4 Date well completed 1/-7; 5. Permanent Pump Installed? Yes Date 1-7 No Manufacturer 3766 Type 1 (f Location Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 36 Ft. 6 Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type 7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Manufacturer RAFEV Model Number How attached to casing? CLAMI? 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No 9. Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No REMARKS:	ı.	Type of Well		_	- ""			
b. Driven		a. Dug Bored Hole Diam. 42 in. Depth 40 ft.						
c. Drilled Finished in Drift In Rock Tubular Gravel Packed d. Grout: From (Ft.) To (Ft.) 2. Distance to Nearest: Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) Privy Sewer (Cast iron) Septic Tank Barnyard Leaching Pit Manure Pile 3. Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No 4. Date well completed Date No Manufacturer Type If Location Capacity Type Ft. 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type No Model Number How attached to casing? Model Number How attached to casing? No Model Disinfected? Yes No No Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No No No No Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No		Curb material	B	uried Slab: Yes_	No			
Tubular Gravel Packed d. Grout: (KIND) FROM (FL) TO (FL) 2 Distance to Nearest: Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) Privy Sewer (Cast iron) Septic Tank Barnyard Leaching Pit Manure Pile 3 Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No 4 Date well completed //- 7; 5. Permanent Pump Installed? Yes Date //- 7 No Manufacturer 3 TBEC Type 2 (14 Location Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 36 Ft. 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type 7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Manufacturer RAEV Model Number How attached to casing? CLANT? 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No 9. Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No Location BASE MEIU 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No								
2. Distance to Nearest: Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) Privy Sewer (Cast iron) Septic Tank Barnyard Leaching Pit Manure Pile No		c. Drilled	Finished	in Utilt	In Nock			
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Building Ft. Seepage Tile Field Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) Privy Sewer (Cast iron) Septic Tank Barnyard Leaching Pit Manure Pile Manure Pile No		a. Grout:	(KIND)	FROM (Pt.)	TO (Ft.)			
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Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron) Privy Sewer (Cast iron) Septic Tank Barnyard Leaching Pit Manure Pile 3. Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No 4. Date well completed 1/-7; 5. Permanent Pump Installed? Yes Date 1/-7 No Manufacturer 3 T & 6 Type 2 14 Location Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 36 Ft. 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type 7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Manufacturer RAFEV Model Number How attached to casing? CLAMI? 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No 9. Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No		Building	Ft.	Seepage Tile Fie	eld			
Privy Sewer (Cast iron) Septic Tank Barnyard Leaching Pit Manure Pile 3. Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No 4. Date well completed //-75 5. Permanent Pump Installed? Yes Date //-75 No Manufacturer 3 T & 6 Type 2 11 Plocation Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 36 Ft. 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type 7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Manufacturer RAFEV Model Number How attached to casing? CLAMI? 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No 9. Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No								
Septic Tank Barnyard Leaching Pit Manure Pile 3. Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No 4. Date well completed //-75 5. Permanent Pump Installed? Yes Date //-75 No Manufacturer STBBC Type 11 Location Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 36 Ft. 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Manufacturer RAFEV Model Number How attached to casing? CLAMIC 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No 9. Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No			_	•				
Leaching Pit Manure Pile 3. Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes No 4. Date well completed //-7 > 5. Permanent Pump Installed? Yes Date //-7 > No Manufacturer STBEC Type 2 11 Location Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 36 Ft. 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type 7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Manufacturer RAFEV Model Number How attached to casing? CLAMIC 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No 9. Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No								
4. Date well completed		Leaching Pit		Manure Pile				
4. Date well completed	3	Well furnishes wa	ter for human	consumption? Y	es No			
5. Permanent Pump Installed? Yes	4.	Date well complet	ed //-	フラ				
Manufacturer 3 T B B C Type 1 11 Location Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 36 Ft. 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type 7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Model Number Model Number How attached to casing? C1 111 No		Permonent Pump I	installed? Ye	Date //-	7 > No			
Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 36 Ft. 6. Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type 7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No Model Number Model Number Model Number Model Number No Model Disinfected? Yes No		Manufacturer 37	-85C TY	De & HTLoca	tion			
6. Well Top Sealed? Yes NoType 7. Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No ManufacturerRAFEV Model Number How attached to casing?CLAMIP 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No 9. Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No		Capacity 12 g	pm. Depth of	Setting36	Ft.			
7. Pitless Adapter Installed? YesNo	6.	Well Top Sealed?	YesNo	Type				
Manufacturer RAFEV Model Number How attached to casing? CLAMP 8. Well Disinfected? Yes No								
8. Well Disinfected? YesNoNoNo		Manufacturer	AKEV	Model Numb	oer			
Location BASE MEIU! 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No		How attached to d	asing?C	4.4011				
Location BASE MEIU! 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No	8.	Well Disinfected?	Yes	_ No	•			
Location BASE MEIU! 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No	9.	Pump and Equipm	ent Disinfect	od? Yon	No			
Location BASE MEIU! 1. Water Sample Submitted? Yes No	0.	Pressure Tank Si:	ze <u>20</u> gal.	Type CUECC	- Y- TKOC			
1. Water Sample Submitted? YesNo		LocationB	1SE MEL	7 /				
	1.							
		•						

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

				•			
10.	Proper		oons	IVe		:X. S	
	Addres	•					
	Driller						
	Permit Water	f -					
44.		th 27 to y ft.	Crisively	Non -responsive E	x. 9	1 1	7
						 	ļ
14.		: Diamin. n:ft. Slot	Twp		دا		
	Length .	1:n. 310t	Rge				
15.	Casing	g and Liner Pipe	Elev	/. 			}
Die	m. (in.)	Kind and Weight	From (Ft.)	To (Ft.)	Lo	SHOW IN	
	6"	PLASTIC	+/	- 14	BEC	TION PLAT	_
3	6"	CONCRETE	-14	-40	SE	SUNI	D
					[
	above	levelft. below cas ground level. Pumping lev rhours.					•
18.]	PORMATIONS PASSED THROU	GH	THICK	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	•
		TOP SO	<u> </u>		3	.3	
		YELLOW C	<u> </u>			14	
		/	,		4	18	
		SANDY OLA HARD PAN			5	23	
		BLUE CLAY 4	GRAVE		1	24	
		BILLE CLAY		1.	4	38	
	•			[
							1
			···				•
		E ON SEPARATE SHEET IF				L	,

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" "TRUCTIONS_TO_DRILLERS

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ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Curb materi b. Driven c. Drilled Tubular	al Bu Drive Pipe	ried Slab: Yes_ Diamin. Drift	Noft. In Rock
	d. Grout:	(KIND)	FROM (Ft.)	TO (Ft.)
		<u> </u>		
				
		<u> </u>		<u></u>
2.	Distance to Ne			
	Building			eld
	Cess Pool			iron)
	Privy		*)
	Septic Tank		Manure Pile	
_	Leaching Pit _			
		nis well to be use		
	Yes	No leted	17 - 74	
5.	Permanent Pum	p Installed? Y	es	No
	Manufacturer	SACUZZI gpm Dept	I ype	30 11.
_	Capacity TO	gpm Dept	n or setting	<u> </u>
ь.	Well Jop Segle	- Dolled &	~ N°	•
7.	Pitless Adapto	r Installed? I d? Yes	esN	o
9.	Water Sample S	ubmitted? Yes	N	10
REI	MARKS: ('re	a-gen	he inh	. bula
iDi	PH 4.065	, •		

				•			
10.	Proper		ons	sive		ΞX.	
	Address Drilles	,,,					
11	Permit						
	Water	fra					
		Formation /	e	Non -responsive	Ex. 9	K	7
14	at dep	th <u>/ //</u> toft. :: Diamin.	Sec. Twp			} 	┼
• • •	Length	n:ft. Slot	Rge			┦—}—	↓
			Ele				↓_
15.	Casing	g and Liner Pipe					L
Dia	m. (in.)	Kind and Weight	From (Ft.)	To (Ft.)	1.0	SHOW CATION	IN
	<i>د</i> "	PLAZEIC	71	-/0			LAT
3	6"	CONCRETE	-10	-35	NE	NWH	نىرد
Γ							
	gpm fo	ground level. Pumping lev r hours. rormations passed through		тніск		•	
18.		- CARATIONS PASSED TAROUT		Inick	MESS	DEPTH	<u>эм.</u>
		TOP SOIL					
		YECCOW C	LAY_		7	11	
		SINNY CLAY	•		3	14	
		y Eccon es			<u> </u>	15	
		HARU PAN	. *	e		27	
		ILUE OLA			3	33	_
(CC	טאנדאכ	E ON SEPARATE SHEET IF	NECESSARY	n		 -	
SIGI	NED	Dereix Co	ok DA	TE	1-	75	

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

10-72

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1.	Type of Well			
	a. Dug	Bored He	ole Diam. <u>42</u> ir	a. Depth_ <u>\\/_ft</u> .
	Curb materi	al B	uried Slcb: Yes_	No
	b. Driven	Drive Pip	e Dicanin	. Depthft.
	c. Drilled	Finished	in Drift	In Rock
	Tubular	Gravel Pe	acked	
	d. Grout:	(KIND)	T	
		(KIND)	FROM (Ft.)	TO (Ft.)
			<u> </u>	
			<u></u>	
_	.		······································	<u></u>
2.	Distance to Ne			
	Building		Seepage Tile Fie	
	Cess Pool		Sewer (non Cast	
	Privy		Sewer (Cast Iron	-
	Septic Tank		Barnyard	
	Leaching Pit_		Manure Pile	
3.	Well furnishes	water for human	consumption? Y	es_ <u></u> No
4.	Date well comp	oleted	-75	
5.	Permanent Pur	p Installed? Ye	s Date	No
	Manufacturer_	Ту	peLoca	tion
			Setting	
6.	Well Top Seale	d? Yes_1/No	Type	
7.	Pitless Adapte	r Installed? Y	es No	
	Manuiacturer_	BAKER-	Model Numl	Der
	How attached t	o casing?C	LAMP	
8.		d? Yes		
			ed? Yes	No
			Type	
	Location			
11.			No	
RF	MARKS.	-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
, 14	MACKS. /+ 21.	so To 5	E 64120	$\pi \rho$
		XT SPRI		
	,	•		

GEOL 10. Propert Address		pons		Ex.
Driller				
ll. Permit 12. Water fr				
at dept ∄ 14. Screen:	Diamin.	Twp		1-1-1-1
	ft. Slot	Rge	-	+-+-+
15. Casing	and Liner Pipe	Elev		
Diem. (in.)	Kind and Weight	From (Ft.)	To (Ft.) LO	SHOW CATION IN
6"	PLASTIC	+1	-/20 SEC	TION PLAT
34"	CONCRETE	-1.0	-41	ive ivw
	MATIONS PASSED THROUGH	СН	THICKNESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
	TOP SOIL	<u>, </u>		3
	YELLOW	CLAY	ļ <u>.</u>	14_
	SANDY BRA	USL	ļ	15'
	HAROPAN	······································	<u> </u>	21
	BILLE CLAY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	91
	LIMESTO			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	
(CONTINUE	ON SEPARATE SHEET IF	NECESSARY		
SIGNED)	mal Ey	nell.	re //-7	•—

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1.	Type of Well a. Dug Bored Hole Diam. 42" in. Depth_56 ft.					
	Curb material Buried Slab: Yes No					
	b. Driven Drive Pipe Diamin. Depthit.					
	c. Drilled Finished in Drift In Rocko					
	Tubular Gravel Packed					
	d. Grout: (KIND) FROM (Pt.) TO (Pt.)					
	(KIND) FROM (Fi.) TO (Fi.)					
						
2.	Distance to Nearest:					
	BuildingFt. Seepage Tile Field					
	Ceas Pool Sewer (non Cast iron)					
	Privy Sewer (Cast iron)					
	Septic Tank Barnyard					
	Leaching Pit Manure Pile					
	Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes NoNo					
4.	Date well completed					
5.	Permanent Pump Installed? YesDate _/ 0-82 No					
	Manufacturer TAIT Type & HP Location					
	Capacity 10 gpm. Depth of Setting 52 Ft.					
D.	Well Top Sealed? Yes No Type AC41111 CAP Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes No					
••	Manufacturer RAKER Model Number / BAMG					
	Manufacturer RAKER _ Model Number _ BAM6 How attached to casing? N UT					
8.	Well Disinfected? YesNo					
9.	Pump and Equipment Disinfected? Yes No					
10.	Pressure Took Size 42 agl. Type CAGCL-X-TROC					
	Location BASEMENT					
11.	Water Sample Submitted? YesNo					
	MARKS:					

GEO	LOGICAL AND WATER	SURVEYS	<u>WELL F</u>	RECO	RD
	Non -resi	oons	ive	F	$\mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{x}}$
0. Proper	ty				
Addre					
Drille					
1. Permit					
2. Water			lon -responsive E	x. 9	
at dep	thtoft.	260			
	: Diamin.	Tw			
Lengti	n:ft. Slot	Rg			
5. Casing	g and Liner Pipe	Ele			
Diam. (in.)	Kind end Weight	From (Ft.)	To (Ft.)	LO	SHOW CATION IN
6"	PLASTIC	+1	-19		TION PLAT
364	CUNCRETE	-14	56		34
		1			
6. Size H	ole below casing:	in.		,	
7. Static	levelft. below cas	ing top which	ch is		ft
	ground level. Pumping lev] at
gpm fo	r hours.				
8.	FORMATIONS PASSED THROU	GH	ТНІСИ	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
	TOP SOLL		7		
	YELLOW CLA	/			
······································	SANOY CLAY				
	HARD PAN		2		}
	BCUE CCAY				ļ
	SAND KGRAU	ec	4	<u> </u>	
	DRIFT		5	6	
			_		
יואדדאסט	JE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF	NECESSARI	<u></u>		<u> </u>
100111111			-,		

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LOG 6

1

1.	Type of Well	\	3 /	70						
a. Dug Bored Hole Diamin. Depth										
							Tubular	Gravel Po	cked	
							d. Grout:	(KIND)	FROM (Pt.)	TO (Ft.)
		(411.2)	7.102 (1.17							
				 						
				L						
2.	Distance to Nec	rest:	•							
	Building	Ft.	Seepage Tile Fid	old						
	Cess Pool			iron)						
	Privy		Sewer (Cast iron)						
	Septic Tank		Bornyord	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
	Leaching Pit_	······································	Manure Pile							
3.	Well furnishes	vater for hyman	consumption? Y	es_No						
4.	Date well comp	leted <u> </u>	74							
5.	Permonent Pum	o Installed? Ye	Date	No						
	Manufacturer	Ту	peLoca	tion						
	Capacity	_gpm. Depth of	Setting	Ft.						
6.	Well Top Sealed	i? YesNo	Туре							
7.			es No							
				ber						
										
	Well Disinfecte									
			d? Yes							
10.	Pressure Tank	Sizegal.	Туре							
	Location									
		ubmitted? Yes	No							
RE	MARKS:									

GEO	LOGICAL AND WATE	•	_	RD
10. Properi Addres Driller		ponsi	ve E	x. 9
11. Permit 12. Water f				
	b 48 to 5/ ft.	Sec.	on -responsive Ex. 9	
	: Dlamin.	Twp.		╂╌╂╌╂
	:ft. Slot	Rge.	-	╁╌┼╌┤
		Elev		
5. Casing	and Liner Pipe	<i>D</i> .47		
Diam. (in.)	Kind and Weight	From (F1.) 1	o (Ft.)	SHOW CATION IN
6	wo)	0		TION PLAT
36	Con.	10	NE NE	NWS
	ground level. Pumping i	evelft. 1	when pumpin	g at
gpm fo			THICKNESS	-
gpm io	bours.			DEPTH OF BOTTOM
gpm io	bours.		THICKNESS	-
gpm io	bours.	nuan Nie Y	THICKNESS	-
gpm io	bours.	nuan Nie Y	THICKNESS	-
gpm io	bours.	nuan Nie Y	THICKNESS	-
gpm io	bours.	nuan Nie Y	THICKNESS	-
gpm io	hours. ORMATIONS PASSED THRO	nuan Nie Y	THICKNESS	-
gpm io	hours. ORMATIONS PASSED THRO	nuan Nie Y	THICKNESS	-
gpm io	hours. ORMATIONS PASSED THRO	nuan Nie Y	THICKNESS	-
gpm for	hours. ORMATIONS PASSED THRO	Jais + Jul Co Brain Dans A Coron Corte S Rock	THICKNESS	-

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ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Type of Well			
	a. Dug	Bored 📈 . Ho	ole Diam. <u>45</u> ii	ı. Depth <u>Yo</u> ft.
				No
				. Depthft.
	c. Drilled	Finished	in Drift	In Rock
	Tubulær	Gravel Pa	icked	,
	d. Grout:	(KIND)	PROM (Fi.)	TO (FL)
		(3.11.2)		
			 	
			<u> </u>	
		Ĺ	<u> </u>	
2.	Distance to Ne	mest:		
	Building		Seepage Tile Fig	eld
	Cess Pool			iron)
	Privy)
	Septic Tank		-	
	Leaching Pit_		-	
3.			consumption? Y	es No
4.	Date well comp	leted	-	
5.	Permonent Pum	p Installed? Ye	sDate	No
	Manufacturer_	Ту	peLoca	tion
	Capacity	_gpm. Depth of	Setting	Ft.
6.	Well Top Seale	d? YesNo	Type <u>C /</u>	+ST ALHIM
7.	Pitless Adapte	r Installed? Y	esNo	
	Manufacturer	BAKER	Model Num	ber <u>/34 M C</u>
	How attached t	o casing?	CLAMP	
8.	Well Disinfecte	d? Yes	N ₉	
				No
10.				
		ubmitted? Yes	No	
RE.	MARKS:		•	

· GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

10. Property Test	JONS	ive		:X. 9	
Address					
Driller _					
11. Permit N 12. Water from					
at depthtoft.			.9		
	Sec				
14. Screen: Diamin.	Tw				
Length:ft. Slot	Rge				
15. Casing and Liner Pipe	Ele				
Diem. (in.) Kind and Weight	From (Ft.)	To (Ft.)	Loc	WOHE NITA	
6" PLASTIC	41	-12	SECT	TION PLAT	
36" CONCRETE	-/2	-40	Sw	WE VM	
713					
16. Size Hole below casing:			l		
17. Static levelft. below casi	 na top whic	ch is		: ft.	
above ground level. Pumping leve					
gpm for hours.					
yp					
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	SH.	тніск	NE98	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
	ьн	THICK	NE98	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	ан	THICK	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
TOP SOLL YELLOW CLAY		THICK	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH		7 19	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
TOP SOLL YELLOW CLAY		THICK 2 / 19 19 23	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH TOP SOIL YELLOW CLAY SANDY CLAY HARD PAIN		19 23	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH		2 / 19 2;	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH TOP SOIL YELLOW CLAY SANDY CLAY HARD PAIN		2 / 19 2;	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH TOP SOIL YELLOW CLAY SANDY CLAY HARD PAIN		2 / 19 2;	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH TOP SOIL YELLOW CLAY SANDY CLAY HAR O PAIN		2 / 19 2;	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH TOP SOIL YELLOW CLAY SANDY CLAY HARD PAIN		2 / 19 2;	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH TOP SOLL YELLOW CLAY SANDY CLAY HARD PAN BLUE CLAY		2 / 19 2 2 	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH TOP SOLL YELLOW CLAY SANDY CLAY HAR ID PAIN BLUE CLAY (CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF	NECESSARY	2 / 19 2; 40	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	
18. FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH TOP SOIL YELLOW CLAY SANDY CLAY HAR ID PAIN BLUE CLAY	NECESSARY	2 / 19 2; 40	- - - - - - -	DEPTH OF BOTTOM	

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DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CONSUMP HEALTH PROTECTION, 335 WE JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62761. . NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

LOG 8

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Type of Well
	a. Dug Bored_X Hole Diam. 44 in. Depth 38 ft.
	Curb material Buried Slab: Yes_X_No
	b. Driven Drive Pipe Diamin. Depthft.
	c. Drilled Finished in Drift In Rock
	Tubular Gravel PackedX
	d. Grout: (KIND) FROM (FL.) TO (FL.)
	(1.17)
	<u> </u>
2.	Distance to Nearest:
	BuildingFt. Seepage Tile Field
	Cess Pool Sewer (non Cast iron)
	Privy Sewer (Cast iron)
	Septic Tank Barnyard
	Leaching Pit Manure Pile
	Well furnishes water for human consumption? Yes_x_No
	Date well completedOctober_ 1979
5.	Permanent Pump Installed? Yes X Date 10/79 No
	Manufacturer Valley Type 1 HP Location 931 Vell
	Capacity 12 gpm. Depth of Setting 31 Ft.
	Well Top Sealed? Yes_x_NoType
7.	Pitless Adapter Installed? Yes x No No
	Manufacturer Baker Model Number
_	How attached to casing? Clamp
	Well Disinfected? YesNo
9. 10	Pump and Equipment Disinfected? YesNo
	Pressure Tank Size 42 gal. Type W-11-Pak Location house
11	Water Sample Submitted? YesNo
	MARKS:

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

11.	Proper Addre Drille Permi Water		spor	nsiv	/ €	E	Χ.
	Screen Length	th30 toft. : Dicanin. :ft. Slot	S Non T	-responsive Ex.	9		
		and Liner Pipe			L	SHOW	
Die	n. (in.)	Rind and Weight Plastic	From (Ft.) +1	To (Pt.)		CATION IN TION PLAT	
	36	Concrete	-15	-38	SW	5w 5 É	
17.	above gpm fo	levelft. below cosinground level. Pumping lever hours.	ol ft.		nplnq		
	Ψо	p Soil		43'		3	
		-		1281		.18	
_		llow Clay		984	//	29	
		ndy Clay		32'	7	32	
	•	nd & Gravel			7	38	
	<u>Dr</u>	ift		381	0	30	
		<u> </u>				 	
		·					
		E ON SEPÁRATE SHEET IF				<u> </u>	

October, 1979

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FILL IN ALL PERTINENT INFORMATION REQUESTED AND MAIL ORIGINAL TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, CONSUMER HEALTH PROTECTION, 535 WEST JEFFERSON, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS, 62761. DO NOT DETACH GEOLOGICAL/WATER SURVEYS SECTION. BE SURE TO PROVIDE PROPER WELL LOCATION.

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH WELL CONSTRUCTION REPORT

1.	Curb material b. Driven	B	ole Diam. 42 in uried Slab: Yes_ be Diamin.	Noft.
	Tubular	Gravel P	in Drift	m nock
	d. Grout:	(KIND)	FROM (Ft.)	TO (Ft.)
2.	Distance to Near	est:		
	Building		Seepage Tile Fie	
	Cess Pool		Sewer (non Cast	• — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
	Privy		•	<u> </u>
	Septic Tank		Barnyard	
	Leaching Pit		Manure Pile consumption? Yes	
			4-81	
5.	Permanent Pump	Installed? Yo	es L Date 4	<u>-8.1</u> No
	Manufacturer	ALLEYT	ype _5_HC Loca	tion
_	Capacity_12	gpm. Depth of	Setting	Ft.
6.	Well Top Sealed	YesNo	Type	AST ALUIM
7.	Pitless Adapter	Installed? Y	es No Model Numb	- Klust
	Manufacturer	DAKEN	Model Numb	er
	Well Disinfected	casing?	CLAMP	
				M-
3. 10	Pump and Equip	nent Disiniect	ed? Yes	15 × Tent
	Location	DAKEME	Type WEL	
11	Water Sample Sub	omitted? Ye	s No	·
RE	MARKS:			
			·	

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD

	Non -resp	0113				:X. 5
Addres						
Driller						
11. Permit						
	Formetion		Non -re	esponsive E	x. 9	
	th toft.	Sec				
	: Diamin.	Tw			.	
Length	::ft. Slot	Rge				
15. Casing	and Liner Pipe	Ele	7. –			
Diam. (in.)	Kind and Weight	From (Ft.)	To	(F1.)	Lo	SHOW CATION IN
.6"	PLASTIC	+1	_	11	SEC.	TION PLAT
36 "	.CONCRATE	-11	_	44	~ω	אל שטו
	N. Hr. V. Mar			_3		
16. Size H	ole below casing:	in.			,	
	levelft. below casi		ch	is		ft.
above	ground level. Pumping leve					g at
gpm fo	r bours.					
18.						
10.	PORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH	Н		THICK	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
10.	TOP SOL	·	-	THICK	NESS	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
10.		·		THICK	NE38	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
10.	TOP SOI	·		THICK	~ 4	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
. 3	TOP SOI VECLOW CLA ANDY CLA	·		/	Y Y	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
· 3	TOP SOI YELLOW CLA ANDY CLA HARD PAN	<u>, 1</u>		/ /	2- 4 9 4	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
·	TOPSOI YELLOW CLU ANDY CLA HARD PAN/ LUE CLA	x1 /		/ / 2 4	2 4 9 4 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
·	TOP SOI YELLOW CLA ANDY CLA HARD PAN	<u>, 1</u>		/ / 2 4	2 4 9 4	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
·	TOPSOI YELLOW CLU ANDY CLA HARD PAN/ LUE CLA	x1 /		/ / 2 4	2 4 9 4	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
·	TOPSOI YELLOW CLU ANDY CLA HARD PAN/ LUE CLA	x1 /		/ / 2 4	2 4 9 4	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
·	TOPSOI YELLOW CLU ANDY CLA HARD PAN/ LUE CLA	x1 /		/ / 2_ 4 4	2 4 9 Y 2 4	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
- 3 - 3 - 5A	TOPSOI YELLOW CLU ANDY CLA HARD PAN/ LUE CLA	·/ // /EC		## ### ###############################	2 4 9 Y 2 4	DEPTH OF BOTTOM
CONTINU	TOPSOI YELLOW CLU ANDY CLA HARD PAN/ LUB CLA ND + GRAC	·/ // /EC	o co	## ### ###############################	2 4 9 Y 2 4 5 5 5	3)
- 3 - 3 - 5A	TOPSOI YELLOW CLU ANDY CLA HARD PAN/ LUB CLA ND + GRAC	·/ // /EC	2	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	2 4 9 4 5	DEPTH OF BOTTOM

INSTRUCTIONS TO DE ERS

White Copy III. Dep L of Public Health
Yellow Copy - Well Contractor Blue Copy - Well Owner

1. Type of Well

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ILLINOIS	DEF	ARTMENT	OF	PUBLIC	HEALTH
WE	LL	CONSTRUC	TIO	N REPOR	?T

1.	Type of Well	V	10	2/	Addres	35 <mark></mark>	
	a. Dug	Bored X. F	lole Diam. 40-ii	n. Depth <u>He</u> ft.	Driller		
	Curb mater	ial I	Buried Slab: Yes.	X_No	11. Permit	ı P	
	b. Driven	Drive Pi	pe Diamin	. Depthft.	12. Water I	Erc	
	c. Drilled	Finished	in Drift	In Rock	. 4 . 9 . = 4	thtoft.	9- 38
•	Tubular	Gravel F	acked	•	-		
	d. Grout:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 		: Dlamln.	Twp.
		(KIND)	PROM (FI.)	TO (Pt.)	Length	n:ft. Slot	
							Elev
					15. Casing	and Liner Pipe	
					Diem. (in.)	Kind and Weight	From (Ft.)
			<u></u>	i	۱٬ ۵	Plautic	+ (
2.	Distance to No	earest:				• 1	
	Building	Ft.	Seepage Tile Fi	eld	36"	Concrete	1-12-1
	Cess Pool			iron)			
	Privy		•)	16. Size H	ole below casing:	in
	Septic Tank_					levelft. below ca	
						ground level. Pumping le	
3	Well furnishes	water for humar	consumption? Y	es_No		r bours.	
Δ. Δ	Date well com	plated.	57 XX		gpin to		
	Date werr com	no tostalled? V	Y Data 5/	85_No	18.	ORMATIONS PASSED THRO	UGH
J.	Mentantura (TO IT	ype / Loca	tion		₹	
	Cite	;	Source Loca	30 5.		0 20U	
6	Well Top Segle	_gpm. Depth o	o Type	abt Lax	(Le	Ylan Clau	
7.	Pitless Adapte	er installed?	res No		iKa	and Maria	
	Manufacturer	(Ka Ker	Model Num	ber 18AM 6		my clay	
	How attached	to casing?			(ella clay	
8.	Well Disinfect	ed? Yes	No Yes		J	Sand A	
9.	Pump and Equ	ipment Disinfec	ted? Yes	No	101		····
10.	Pressure Tank	Sizegal	. Type	<u> </u>		ul Clay	
	Location						
11.	Water Sample S	Submitted? Ye	s No		······		
	MARKS:						
		n					
		Coun	\$ # 2100	•	-		7
		6			(CONTINU	E ON SEPARATE SHEET,	F NECESSARY)
						USO ADA K	und La
					SICNED		ブイノ じ わぶ

36" (mcrete -12 -36) 16. Size Hole below casing:in.
14. Screen: Diamin
Length:ft. Slot Rge
15. Casing and Liner Pipe Diem. (in.) Kind and Weight From (Ft.) To (Ft.) LOCATION IN SECTION PLAT WWW NULL S
Diem. (in.) Rind and Weight From (Ft.) To (Ft.) G'' Good H - Good BECTION PLAT Good
16. Size Hole below casing:in. 17. Static level ft. below casing top which is ft. above ground level. Pumping level ft. when pumping at gpm for hours.
16. Size Hole below casing:in. 17. Static levelft. below casing top which isft. above ground level. Pumping levelft. when pumping atgpm forhours.
16. Size Hole below casing:in. 17. Static levelft. below casing top which isft. above ground level. Pumping levelft. when pumping atgpm forhours.
16. Size Hole below casing:in. 17. Static levelft. below casing top which isft. above ground level. Pumping levelft. when pumping atgpm forbours.
17. Static levelft. below casing top which isft. above ground level. Pumping levelft. when pumping at gpm forhours. THICKNESS DEPTH OF
17. Static levelft. below casing top which isft. above ground level. Pumping levelft. when pumping at gpm forhours. THICKNESS DEPTH OF
gpm forhours ft. when pumping at THICKNESS DEPTH OF
10 FORMATIONS PASSED THROUGH THICKNESS DEPTH OF
100 Soil -2 Vellow Clay -14 Sarry Clay -19 Yellow Clay -27
Gellan Clay -14 Sandy Clay -19 Gellan Clay -27
Gellow Clay -14 Sandy Clay -19 Gellow Clay -27
Gardy Clay -19 Gellan Clay -27 -29
yeller Class - 27
- 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10
Blue Clay 1-36

GEOLOGICAL AND WATER SURVEYS WELL RECORD